# THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE.

VOL. 46. FRIDAY MORNING, MAY 6, 1831. NO. 66.

PUBLISHED BY
NEVILLE B. CRAIG,
NEAR THE S. W. CORNER OF THE DIAMOND.

TERMS.

The Gazette is published semi-weekly, (on Tuesday and Friday,) at Four dollars per annum, payable half yearly in advance.

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**GIDINGS, BALDWIN & CO.**
*Forwarding and Commission Merchants,*
CLEAVELAND, OHIO;

PROPRIETORS of the Ohio, Troy, and Erie Daily Line of Canal Boats, Ohio Canal—Agents of Troy and Erie Line, New York Canal and Proprietors in a Line of Steam Boats and Vessels on Lake Erie.—*Refer to*
Messrs. WM. D. HARRIS & Co.
March 25.—3m* *Pittsburgh.*

**REMOVAL.**

DR. WM. F. IRWIN has removed to the New Brick Building in Liberty street, near the end of Fourth street. March 25.—3m

***LAMBDIN'S MUSEUM,***
AND GALLERY OF THE FINE ARTS,

IS open for public exhibition every day, from 6 A. M. till 10, P. M. at the S. W. CORNER OF MARKET AND FOURTH STREETS. This collection contains, in the highest state of preservation, in part, 30 *Quadrupeds*, amongst which are the *Cougar*, or American Brown Tiger; 7 *Species of the Monkey, &c.*; 300 *Foreign and American Birds*, including the *Great Bird of Paradise*; the *Emu*, from South America, 5½ feet high; *Toucan; two living White Crows, &c. &c.*

*A Large Collection of Marine Shells; Plants; Corals; Madrepores, &c.; Minerals; Fossils; Indian Dresses, Decorations, &c.; Implements of War and Husbandry, from the South Sea Islands; Curious Works of Art, &c. &c.*

The *Gallery of Paintings* contains nearly one hundred specimens of the Works of Old and Modern Masters; with a Collection of nearly 1200 *Coins and Medals*. The whole arranged with a taste not surpassed by any similar institution in the country. *Exhibition of* PHANTASMAGORIA *every evening, at half past eight o'clock.*

*Admittance 25 cents—Children 12½ cents.*
May 7, 1830.—tf

**James Adams Jr. & Co.**
**GROCERS.**
MARKET, BETWEEN FRONT AND WATER STREETS.

HAVING taken that large and commodious Ware-House formerly occupied by *Ekin & Ledlie*, respectfully inform their friends and the public in general, that they are just receiving and now offer for sale a choice selection of Groceries consisting of

Prime Green and Java COFFEE,
Y. Hyson, Imp'l. and Gunpowder TEA,
Pepper, Allspice, Cloves and Nutmegs,
Loaf and Lump SUGAR,
Benegal and Carracas Indigo,
Madder, Ginger, Rice &c.
Box Raisins, Figs, &c.
Warranted Genuine Havana SEGARS, Flint's, Cabamas' & Dosamygos',
Madeira, Port, Lisbon, Teneriffe and Malaga WINES,
Brandy, H. Gin, Jamaica Spirits &c.
A few Gallons choice old champaigne Brandy of 1802.

All of which they will sell low for Cash or acceptances, either
*WHOLESALE OR RETAIL.*
Having made arrangements for a constant supply, they respectfully solicit Country Merchants and others to favor them with a call.
April 3, 1829—tf.

**STEEL.**

100 TONS English and American Blister STEEL, of superior quality, for sale at eastern prices, by
BARNETT, SHORB, & CO.
Feb. 8—3mo. No. 2 foot of Wood street.

FOR SALE.

A NUMBER of valuable BUILDING LOTS in the vicinity of this city, part of the estate of Dr. George Stevenson, late of Wilmington, (Del.) deceased. For terms apply to the subscribers.
W. M'KNIGHT,
HARMAR DENNY,
J. SNYDER,
Pittsburgh, Nov. 3, 1829—tf *Executors.*

☞*PLOWMAN'S PRINTING INK*

PLOWMAN'S Superior PRINTING INK, for fall use, in kegs containing 24 lbs., for sale by HOGAN & Co., Corner of Front and Market streets. Pittsburgh, Sept. 10.—tf.

**LAW NOTICE.**

GEORGE SELDEN has removed his office to No. 18 in the Diamond, next door to Alderman Lowrie; where, having no other pursuit to which his attention is directed, he devotes himself exclusively to the profession of the law. Jan 7

**NOTICE.**

THE SUBSCRIBERS, having disposed of their interest in the house of Riddle, Forsyth & Co. retired from the concern on the 7th instant. The transactions of the house are continued as heretofore under the firm of
RIDDLE, FORSYTH & CO.
Mr. Jacob Forsyth, late of Louisville, and Mr. Robert M. Riddle, of this city, succeed us in the active management of the concern, and will devote their whole attention to its business. We have entire confidence in the ability and disposition of our successors to promote the interest of their correspondents, and would therefore recommend them as deserving the continued support and favor of our friends.
JOHN S. RIDDLE,
JOHN D. BAIRD.
Pittsburgh, Jan. 18, 1831.

CO-PARTNERSHIP.—*John S. Riddle*, (late of the house of Riddle, Forsyth & Co. Pittsburgh,) has formed a connexion with *Washington Jackson*, of Philadelphia. The house will be conducted under the firm of
**Washington Jackson & Riddle,**
*No. 20, South Front street,*
PHILADELPHIA.
They will make purchases and effect sales for foreign accounts, and will be pleased to receive consignments of the staples and produce of the west, making liberal advances on all goods addressed to them for sale.

☞ The Cincinnati Advertiser, Cincinnati Gazette, Louisville Advertiser, Louisville Journal, Nashville Republican, and Nashville Whig and Banner, Florence Gazette, and Lexington Reporter, will insert the above advertisements once a week for three months, and send their bills to this office. January 18—tf

ROGERS' SUPERIOR ORANGE GUN POWDER.—150 kegs just received on consignment, and for sale by JAMES ADAMS, Jr. & Co. No. 8 Market street. May 18—tf.

**Receiving & Forwarding House,**
*NEW ORLEANS.*

THE SUBSCRIBER begs leave to inform his friends and the public, that he has established himself in NEW ORLEANS, for the purpose of attending exclusively to the Receiving and Forwarding of Merchandise; and feels confident, from his experience in business, and determination of adopting well regulated and moderate charges, of giving satisfaction to those who may entrust their business to his care. WM. BUCHANAN.
Refer to Messrs. Allen & Grant, Riddle, Forsyth & Co., or M'Kee, Clarke & Co. Pittsburgh.
October 26, 1830—tf.

*Storage, Forwarding, and Commission*
WAREHOUSE.

THE SUBSCRIBERS respectfully inform Merchants, Iron-masters, Salt Manufacturers, and the public in general, that they have commenced the above business, in the new and extensive brick house two doors below the bridge, where they will Receive and Forward GOODS, IRON, SALT, &c. destined for the West by the Pennsylvania Canal, and for the East, by the Northern Turnpike. By strict attention to business, they hope to merit and receive a share of public favors. Charges for Forwarding and Commission will be moderate.
JAMES SPEER,
MARK GRAHAM.
Blairsville, Oct. 27—tf.

**FANCY LAMPS,**
PLATED CASTERS, &c.

BAKEWELL, PAGE & BAKEWELLS, have just received, direct from the manufactories, and offer for sale, an elegant collection of *Bronze* and *Or Moulu. Astral* and *Mantel Lamps*, from ten to thirty dollars per pair; PLATED CASTERS, with cut and moulded bottles, silver edges and handles, from two to ten dollars per set: together with their usual extensive assortment of
*PLAIN, PREST, and CUT GLASS WARE,*
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION;
Cut and Moulded Smelling and Toilet Bottles; Cut, Prest & Plain Bureau Knobs, &c. &c. &c.
Pittsburgh, December 25, 1829—tf.

**WILLIAMSON'S EXCHANGE**
PITTSBURGH.

THIS new and extensive Hotel, believed to be one of the best in the United States, is now open for the accommodation of the public.—The advertiser, well known as the conductor of a public house in the cities of Baltimore and Washington, takes this method of informing those who have heretofore patronized him, and travelers generally, that his entire efforts shall be directed to the comfort, ease, and quietude of all who may favor him with their custom. He appeals to his old friends for a "passing word" to strangers who may have occasion to visit Pittsburgh, pledging himself that nothing shall be wanting, on his part, to make their sojourn as agreeable as possible. Charges will be much the same as in the other respectable Hotels. The best servants from the Atlantic cities will be immediately engaged. The proprietor respectfully invites a call.

☞ The Gazette, Cincinnati, Advertiser, Louisville, Courier, New Orleans, Intelligencer, Washington, Commercial Advertiser, New York, will insert the above every other day for one month, and forward their accounts to this office within that time. Pittsburgh, Dec. 24.—tf.

☞*BOWEN ROLLING MILL AND NAIL FACTORY.*

SMITH & CO., successors of R. Bowen, continue the manufacture of BAR IRON and NAILS, at the above establishment—which they will dispose of at the lowest prices.
Pittsburgh, January 25, 1831—tf

☞The Wheeling Gazette, Maysville Eagle, Louisville Journal, Steubenville Herald, Cincinnati Gazette, New Lisbon Palladium, Canton Repository, Columbus State Journal, Chillicothe Gazette, Zanesville Republican, and the paper at Marietta, Ohio, will insert the above advertisement once a week for two months, and charge the Pittsburgh Gazette. S. S. & Co.

**The American Fire Insurance Co.**
*OF PHILADELPHIA,*

DAILY make Insurance against loss or damage by FIRE, on Houses & Merchandise.
Job Bacon, Secretary, No. 101 Chesnut street, Philadelphia. GEO. COCHRAN, Ag't.
Sept. 25—tf *No. 26 Wood street, Pittsburgh.*

**350** BBLS. SUP. FLOUR, "Pickan's Brand," for sale by
JAMES ADAMS, Jr. & Co.
May 18, 1830.—tf.

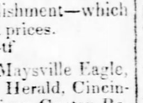
**J. C. BUCKLES,**
**Commission Merchant,**
LOUISVILLE, KY.

IS prepared to Receive, Sell, and Forward every description of GOODS.
December 21, 1827—tf.

**PORCELAIN TEETH.**

DR. E. MERRITT—DENTIST,
*Fourth Street, between Wood and Market,*
PITTSBURGH.
March 4, 1831.—tf

**50** BALLS prime quality COTTON, (new crop,) for sale by
ALLEN & GRANT.
January 18, 1831—tf



NOTICE.—*John Hannen* has taken his son-in-law, *John E. Park*, into partnership with him in the Drug business, and in the manufacturing of white lead; and all their transactions will be done under the firm of JOHN HANNEN & CO. All persons indebted to John Hannen, are required to make payment without delay.
January 21.

LYNCH & BUTTERWORTH,
*Auctioneers and Commission Merchants,*
Corner of Fourth and Wood Streets,
PITTSBURGH.

PUBLIC SALES of Groceries, and Furniture every Tuesday and Friday, at 10 o'clock, A. M., and of Dry Goods and Hardware, Fancy Cutlery, Jewelry, &c. every evening, at 7 o'clock, P. M. Liberal advances made on consignments.
April 5—tf.

**NOTICE.**

THE Subscribers respectfully inform their customers and the public generally, that the White Lead heretofore manufactured by them, and branded "Stevenson, Pittsburgh," will hereafter be branded
*AVERY & OGDEN, PITTSBURGH,*
Who have an extensive supply on hand, *warranted pure*, and equal to any imported from England, or manufactured in the United States.—The character of their lead is very generally known in the Western country, and no efforts shall be wanting on their part to maintain for it a reputation, which they trust will secure general patronage.
CHAS. AVERY & CO.
March 11—3m.

**CHEAP WRAPPING PAPERS**
*AND BONNET BOARDS.*

JOHN I. KAY & Co., Booksellers, 51 Market street, have constantly for sale, a large assortment of Wrapping Paper, Band Box Boards, Bonnet Boards, and Binder's Boards, of eastern manufacture, which they offer very low.
N. B. The highest price given for RAGS.
August 10.—tf.

**CURE FOR WORMS.**

B. A. FAHNESTOCK'S VERMIFUGE *prepared at the subscriber's Wholesale and Retail Drug Warehouse, corner of Sixth and Wood streets, Pittsburgh, Penn'a.*

This preparation is confidently recommended to the public, as an effectual medicine for expelling Worms from the system. It has already been extensively used in this county, and the proprietor has ascertained from particular inquiry, that it has not failed to produce the most salutary effect, in every instance in which it was administered—and in many cases, after every other remedy had failed. It is mild in its operation, and may be administered with perfect safety to the most delicate infant.

The following testimony of its effects is offered to the public:—

"*Pittsburgh, April 1st*, 1830.

"We the subscribers do certify, that we have used in our families B. A. Fahnestock's Vermifuge, and recommend it to the public, as the most effectual medicine for expelling worms from the system, that has ever come within our knowledge."
*N. W. Presly*, Liberty street.
*Wm. Douglas*, Wood street.
*Mrs. Anderson*, Fourth street.
*Samuel Bright*, Plum township, Allegheny co.
*John Morrow*, Wilkins township, Allegheny co.
*Robert Gray*, Plum township, Allegheny co.
*Joseph Anderson*, Wilkins township.
*John Stuart*, Wilkins township.

I do certify that a child of mine, aged 3 years, had been for some time afflicted with worms, and having tried every remedy without effect, at length used B. A. Fahnestock's Vermifuge, three tea spoonfuls of which caused it to discharge 138 worms. It has since continued free from any symptoms of worms. JOHN BENSON,
*Wilkins township, Allegheny county.*
May 5, 1830.

I do certify that a child of mine, aged 5 years, by using one bottle of B. A. Fahnestock's Vermifuge, discharged several worms, some of which were 12 inches long.
WM. M'CARTNEY, *Bayardstown.*
May 17, 1830.

I do certify that I have used B. A. Fahnestock's Vermifuge in my family, after using various other worm medicines without effect. Three of my children, after using the Vermifuge, discharged upwards of 300 worms.
MOSES HAMILTON.
May 31, 1830. *Columbiana county, Ohio.*

☞ For sale at the Drug Store, corner of Sixth and Wood streets, Pittsburgh.
B. A. FAHNESTOCK.
June 4, 1830.—1y.

**CITY AUCTION ROOM,**
**NO. 41 WOOD STREET,**
*Opposite the Pittsburgh Hotel.*

P. M'KENNA, *Auctioneer*, respectfully informs his friends and the public, that he is now prepared, at the above establishment, to discharge the duties of his office, and hopes, by strict attention to business, to merit a share of public patronage. ☞ Regular days of Public Sales, every MONDAY and THURSDAY, at 10, A. M. and 2, P. M.; and Evening Sales on TUESDAY and FRIDAY of each week.
Pittsburgh, November 5, 1830—tf.

**PAPER WAREHOUSE,**
No. 83 MARKET STREET.

THE subscribers keep constantly on hand a fine and well regulated assortment of the following kinds of PAPER, manufactured at the mill of Hurst & Brown.
Imperial, Superroyal, Medium, Royal, Demy, Cap, Post, Folio Post, } PRINTING,
Crown, Medium, Imperial, WRAPPING,
Blue and White TEA PAPER,
Bonnet and Fullers' BOARDS,
Which will be sold on as accommodating terms as can be purchased in this city.
JAMES BROWN & SON.
☞ The highest price given for RAGS, in Cash, Groceries, or Dry Goods. April 16—tf.

**REMOVAL.**

JOHN I. KAY & CO., Booksellers, have removed their Bookstore to No. 51 Market street; where it is their intention to keep constantly on hand a well selected assortment of BOOKS in the various departments of Literature and Science. Their late stock has been considerably increased by the addition of many valuable works; and they trust their establishment will still be deserving of the countenance of their friends and the public.—It is their intention to sell their books at the lowest market prices. They respectfully invite the attention of the inhabitants of Pittsburgh and the neighboring country to their new store.
April 5, 1831—tf

**CHEAP QUEENSWARE.**

WETMORE & HAVENS, No. 112 Second street, near Wood street, Pittsburgh, are now receiving their spring supplies of QUEENSWARE AND CHINA, being the manufacture of the first houses in Staffordshire, England.

All ware sold by them is re-packed by careful and experienced hands. Purchasers are consequently not subjected to the risk of getting inferior, crazed and broken ware, which is too generally the case with goods assorted in England, and sent out to be sold in our markets by the original package.

Their personal attention will, as heretofore, be given for the selection and packing of all ware bought of them. Liberal discounts for Cash.
Feb. 25—tf

NOTICE.—All persons indebted to the estate of James Sample, Esq. late of Ross township, deceased, are hereby requested to make payment to the subscribers; and all creditors are requested to present their claims to the said subscribers.

***FOR SALE,***

A Tract of land, situated on the Allegheny river and Pennsylvania canal, three miles above Pittsburgh, containing two hundred acres, one hundred of which are cleared and in good order, on which are a good barn and a good orchard.

The Docket of the deceased is placed in the hands of Thomas Sample, Esq. of Allegheny.
THOMAS SAMPLE, } Executors.
WILLIAM SAMPLE, }
February 25, 1831.—tf.

**C. DARRAGH,**

ATTORNEY AT LAW.—Office, No. 49, Fourth street, between Market and Wood streets, one door west of the United States Bank.
March 16—tf.

TO MANUFACTURERS, &c.

THE subscribers respectfully inform their friends, and the public generally, that they have their Machine Shop in complete operation; and having experienced workmen, they are prepared to build

**WOOLLEN AND COTTON MACHINERY,**

of every description, and of the most approved kind. They will build Woollen or Cotton Machinery to any pattern, to suit purchasers, and will warrant it to be equal in workmanship, and to perform as well as any that can be brought over the mountains, (New Jersey not excepted;) and they will furnish it at the eastern prices, which will be a saving to the purchaser who buys here, of the carriage, together with the necessary expenses attending transportation.

With a view to encourage our home manufactures, and to be encouraged, the terms of payment will be made accommodating.—Shearing Machines, Shear Blades, Turning Lathes, Fire Engines, Screw Plates and Taps, Governors for Engines, and Turning of every description, will be done to order at a short notice.
F. A. BEMIS & Co.
No. 24, Water Street, Pittsburgh.
Feb. 5, 1830—tf.

**LEADEN PIPE.**

I HAVE commenced the manufacture of LEADEN PIPE, and will furnish and lay the same, at the most reasonable rate. Any quantity required, warranted to be of the best quality, will be furnished at the shortest notice. JOHN SHERIFF.
Nov. 28, 1828.—tf.

TO LET,

A DWELLING HOUSE with or without the Store room in front. And also, a large Store or Warehouse on St. Clair street.
JOS. PATTERSON.
Feb. 5th, 1830.—tf.

DE LA MONTERAT'S
**Columbian Vegetable Specific,**

FOR *the cure of Consumptions, Asthma, Pleurisy, Spitting of Blood, and Pulmonary affections of every kind. The most valuable remedy ever discovered for the cure of Consumption and all diseases of the breast and lungs leading to Consumptions.*

DOCTOR RUSH'S
**Anti-Dyspeptic or Sour Stomach PILLS,**

*An invaluable remedy for indigestion in its most complicated forms.*

☞Sold by THOMPSON & MILLER, at their Drug Warehouse, No. 81 Wood street, Pittsburgh. March 4—1y

**ROBERT G. ORMSBY & Co.**
**AUCTIONEERS,**
*Commission and Forwarding Merchants,*
LOUISVILLE, KY.
August 20, 1830—1y.

**SADDLERY.**

S. FAHNESTOCK & CO. corner of Fifth and Wood streets, are now opening an extensive assortment of plated, tinned, and Japaned SADDLERY of every description, to which they respectfully invite the attention of Merchants and Saddlers. March 11, 1831.—tf

**BOOTS AND SHOES.**

AS the season has arrived which renders those articles indispensable, the subscriber has furnished himself with the best materials for manufacturing BOOTS and SHOES, of every description, which may be had at his store, 134 Liberty street. He is manufacturing
Gentlemen's *Water Proof Boots*, which he will warrant of superior quality;
Ladies' Prunella Wellington Boots, foxed and plain;
do. Leather and Morocco do. do. do.
Misses' and Children's, of every description;
Men's and Boys' Coarse Boots;
French Edged Dancing Pumps, superior.
☞The above articles will be warranted of Pittsburgh manufacture, and of the best materials and workmanship. W. CLOSEY.
November 23, 1830—tf.

**CIRCULAR.**

*Pittsburgh, January 29, 1831.*

WE beg leave to inform our friends and the public generally, that we have formed a Copartnership, for the purpose of transacting a *General Commission Business* in this place, under the firm of DOBBIN & IRWIN, and that we have taken that spacious Warehouse, on the corner of Second and Ferry streets, lately occupied by Messrs. R. Lindell & Co., where we are prepared to attend to such business as our friends may favor us with.

Mr. Leonard Dobbin will supply the place of his brother, in attending to the business of the house; and with his personal attention, united to a determination of pursuing a well regulated system of attention and punctuality, we hope to prove ourselves worthy the confidence of our friends and correspondents, whose interests it will be our study to promote, adhering strictly to their instructions. H. R. DOBBIN,
JAMES S. IRWIN.
February 18, 1831—tf

NOTICE.—*Mahlon Rogers*, having taken his son *Linton Rogers* into partnership, the public are respectfully informed, that the business heretofore conducted by him will be continued, in all its branches, under the firm of MAHLON ROGERS & SON. Steam Engines, Salt Pans, Still Boilers, &c. &c. will be executed with accuracy and despatch.
MAHLON ROGERS,
LINTON ROGERS.
Pittsburgh, April 19, 1831.

**WHOLESALE**
**DRY GOODS STORE,**
Corner of Wood and Third streets, opposite Griffith's Hotel, and in the house lately occupied by W. Bell & Co.

I HAVE opened a general assortment of DRY GOODS at the above stand, which will be sold at fair market prices, by the piece or package only. My friends and dealers are invited to call. C. CURTIS.
April 15—tf

SELECT SCHOOL FOR BOYS.—A Select School for the instruction of Boys in the useful branches of an English Education, was opened on the first Monday of April instant, under the superintendence of HARRISON PARRY.—Mr. Parry has opened his school in the room lately occupied as the Pittsburgh Reading Room. Entrance No. 44 Fourth, near the corner of Market street, where application will be made during school hours.

*References*—Rev. John Black, Rev. J. F. Halsey, Benjamin Darlington, T. B. Dallas, Esq. Hon. Harmar Denny. Ap. 19—1m.

TILT HAMMERED SPADES & SHOVELS.

BARTRAM'S Hammered Spades and Shovels, warranted of a superior quality. Also, Bartram's Prime Axes, Mattocks, Canal Picks, Hoes, Trace Chains, Log Chains, &c. For sale by S. P. DARLINGTON & Co.
Corner of Fourth and Wood streets.
March 22, 1831.—tf

SCHWEPPE & HORNER

HAVE just received, and offer for sale low, at the corner of Market and Third streets,
Prime green Havanna, Rio and Porto Rico Coffee;
Gunpowder, Imperial and Young Hyson Teas;
Nutmegs, Cloves, Allspice, and Pepper;
Bengal and Manilla Indigo;
Madder, Ginger, Rice, Box Raisins, Figs, &c.
Superior Loaf Sugar;
20 tons Campeachy Logwood;
Madeira, Lisbon, Teneriffe, Malaga & Port Wines;
Holland Gin, (Sevan brand,) Jamaica Spirits;
Cogniac Brandy, (Seignette brand;)
Molasses; New Orleans Sugar;
600 heavy Dried Hides;
50 barrels No. 1 Mackerel;
100 do. No. 2 do.
100 do. No. 3 do.
Tubs of Mackerel for family use. Ap. 12

**Pittsburgh Starch Manufactory.**

STARCH manufactured at the above establishment, may be had at the store of George Kirkpatrick, No. 8 Diamond Alley, or at either of the following stores—James Park & Co.; Tassey & Church; I. R. Smith & Co.; J. D. Davis, or Gabriel Adams. ALEX. FERGUSON,
June 18.—tf. GEO. KIRKPATRICK.

FOR RENT, A three story brick warehouse and back buildings, lately occupied by B. Gleadall, next to Schweppe & Horner's, Third street, near Market str't. Apply to GEO. COCHRAN, of Rd.
January 18—tf.

*MANAGERS' OFFICE, PITTSBURGH.*
**SPLENDID SCHEME.**
Four Prizes of Ten Thousand Dollars, is
**$40,000,**
AND TICKETS ONLY FIVE DOLLARS.

**UNION CANAL LOTTERY**
OF PENNSYLVANIA,

CLASS No. 9, for 1831, to be drawn at Philadelphia, on SATURDAY, the 7th day of MAY, 1831. YATES & M'INTYRE, Managers. Sixty-Six No. Lottery—Ten drawn Ballots.—

SCHEME.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| 1 prize of | $10,000 | 56 | 50 |
| 1 | 10,000 | 56 | 40 |
| 1 | 10,000 | 112 | 30 |
| 1 | 10,000 | 112 | 25 |
| 1 | 2,260 | 224 | 20 |
| 10 | 1,000 | 1960 | 10 |
| 10 | 500 | 15400 | 5 |
| 10 | 300 | | |
| 20 | 200 | 18040 *prizes*, | $183,040 |
| 65 | 100 | | |

Tickets, $5 00; Halves, $2 50; Quarters, $1 25.

Orders from abroad, (post paid,) enclosing cash or prize tickets in former lotteries, will be promptly attended to.

The REGISTER, containing an official statement of the drawing, will be forwarded to each adventurer. Cash paid for prizes on presentation.
Apply to or address
GEORGE A. COOK,
Agent for Yates & M'Intyre, No. 68 Wood street.
Where has been sold and paid, Prizes amounting to upwards of TWO HUNDRED THOUSAND DOLLARS. April 26, 1831.

**UNION CANAL LOTTERY**
OF PENNSYLVANIA,

CLASS No. 9, for 1831: to be drawn in Philadelphia, on SATURDAY, MAY 7TH, 1831. Yates & M'Intyre, Managers. Sixty-Six Number Lottery—Ten Drawn Ballots.

SCHEME.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| 1 prize of | $10,000 | 56 | 50 |
| 1 | 10,000 | 56 | 40 |
| 1 | 10,000 | 112 | 30 |
| 1 | 10,000 | 112 | 25 |
| 1 | 2,250 | 224 | 20 |
| 10 | 1,000 | 1260 | 10 |
| 10 | 500 | 15400 | 5 |
| 10 | 300 | | |
| 20 | 200 | 18040 *prizes*, | $183,040 |
| 65 | 100 | | |

Tickets, $5 00; Halves, $2 50; Quarters, $1 25.

☞For Tickets and Shares, apply to or address
WM. HAMILTON & CO.
No. 17 Exchange Buildings, St. Clair street.
April 26, 1831.

NOTICE.—The firm of Steele & Co. is dissolved by the death of I. STEELE. All persons indebted to the said firm are requested to make payment, and all those having claims will present the same for settlement to JOHN BIRMINGHAM, surviving partner of the late Steele & Co. Pittsburgh, April 12, 1831.—tf

CO-PARTNERSHIP.—W. M. CARLISLE, of the firm of Steele & Carlisle, and JOHN BIRMINGHAM, surviving partner of Steele & Co. have associated themselves together, under the firm of CARLISLE & BIRMINGHAM, and will continue a General Agency and Commission Business, at the old stand, No. 90 Front street.
W. M. CARLISLE,
JOHN BIRMINGHAM.
Pittsburgh, April 12, 1831.—3mo.

☞BANK NOTE EXCHANGE.☜
*Ohio paper Generally, one half per-ct.*

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Erie, | ½ pr. ct. | Urban. Bk. Co. | 3 to 5 |
| Virginia, - - | 1 | Scioto Bk. | 3 to 5 |
| N. Y. City Notes - | 1 | Michigan - | 3 to 5 |
| Delaware do | ¼ to 1 | Canada - - - | 4 |
| Canton - - - | 2 | Georgia & N. Car. | 4 |
| Wilks'b. - - - | 2 | South Carolina - | 3 |
| Pottsville - - - | 2 | N. York, Con. R. Isl., Vermont, Mass., N. Hamp. | 2 |
| Greensburgh - | 30 | | |
| Old Bk. Steub. - | 25 | | |
| Maryland, - | ½ to 1 | New Jersey | 1 to 2 |

GOLD.
Sovereigns 4 65. American Gold 2 per-ct. premium.
GEORGE A GOOK,
Lottery and Exchange Broker, *No. 68 Wood Street, Pittsburgh.* April 29.—tf.

TURNPIKE NOTICE—Stockholders in the Pittsburgh and Birmingham Turnpike Road Company are hereby requested to pay the first instalment of five dollars per share, on or before the 25th day of May next. JAMES BARR.
April 29—3t

AN ORDINANCE,
Concerning the Appropriation of the Borough taxes for the present year.

SECTION 1. Be it ordained and enacted, by the Burgess and Council of Allegheny, that the sum of nineteen hundred and forty-nine dollars and twenty-one cents be and the same is hereby appropriated as follows:

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 1. For the salaries of the Borough Officers, viz: | | |
| The Burgess | $50 00 | |
| The Treasurer | 25 00 | |
| The Street Commissioner | 50 00 | |
| The Town Clerk | 50 00 | |
| The High Constable | 25 00 | |
| The Assessor | 12 00 | |
| The Clerk of the Market | 50 00 | —262 00 |
| For Regulating | 75 00 | |
| For Collecting | 66 75 | —141 75 |
| 2. For credits engine subscribers | 286 66 | |
| For payment of interest on loans | 162 00 | —448 66 |
| 3. For leveling Morgan street | 30 00 | |
| For repairing East lane and the canal bridge in East lane | 10 00 | |
| For repairing Ohio street, east of the centre of the town | 150 00 | |
| For repairing Federal street, north of the centre of the town | 100 00 | |
| For repairing Ohio street, west of the centre of the town, the road from the Penitentiary to Water lane, and Water lane | 60 00 | |
| For repairing Pasture lane | 30 00 | |
| For repairing Bank lane, from the angle at Maclean's, westward | 25 00 | |
| For repairing and draining Lacock street, west of the canal | 40 00 | |
| For repairing and filling up Craig street | 50 00 | |
| For grading, filling up and repairing Robinson street, between Federal street and the canal | 150 00 | |
| For repairing and filling up Lacock street, between Federal street and the canal | 25 00 | |
| For repairing the passage under M'Donald's house at the river and Bank lane, east of Federal street | 25 00 | —695 00 |
| 4. For contingencies | | 391 80 |
| Total | | $1949 21 |

Ordained and enacted into a law, the 14th day of April, A. D. 1831.
ISAAC LIGHTNER, Pres't of Council.
Attest, JOHN MORRISON, Cl'k.
Approved: In testimony whereof I have hereunto caused the seal of the Corporation to be affixed, the 14th day of April, A. D. 1831.
HUGH DAVIS,
April 29. *Burgess.*

**FINDLAY & MADEIRA**

HAVE REMOVED their Wholesale and Retail Drug Store, to the corner of Front and Market streets. Jan 21—tf

**W. B. M'CLURE,**
ATTORNEY AT LAW.

OFFICE No. 44 Fourth street, under Lambdin's Museum. April 8—tf

**UNION CANAL LOTTERY**
OF PENNSYLVANIA,

CLASS No. 9, for 1831: to be drawn in Philadelphia, on SATURDAY, 7TH of MAY, 1831. YATES & M'INTYRE, Managers. Sixty-Six Number Lottery—Ten Drawn Ballots.—

SCHEME.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| 1 prize of | $10,000 | 56 | 50 |
| 1 | 10,000 | 56 | 40 |
| 1 | 10,000 | 112 | 30 |
| 1 | 10,000 | 112 | 25 |
| 1 | 2,260 | 224 | 20 |
| 10 | 1,000 | 1960 | 10 |
| 10 | 500 | 15400 | 5 |
| 10 | 300 | | |
| 20 | 200 | 18040 *prizes*, | $183,040 |
| 65 | 100 | | |

Tickets, $5 00; Halves, $2 50; Quarters, $1 25.

Orders from abroad, (post paid) enclosing cash or prize tickets in former lotteries, will be promptly attended to.

A statement of the drawing will be forwarded to each adventurer. Cash paid for prizes on presentation. Apply to, or address,
DAVID GREER,
*At the Lottery and Exchange Office, No. 114 Market street, corner of Liberty, Pittsburgh.*
Where was sold, in Class 6, the Capital Prize of $25,000; in Class 7, the Capital Prize of $5,000, and in Class 10, the Capital Prize of $6,000.
April 26, 1831.

TO BE LET

THAT well finished THREE STORY BRICK HOUSE, at the corner of Grant and Second streets, now occupied by Mr. James Gray. Apply to D. S. SCULLY, Esq. or HARMAR DENNY.

*ALSO*, The Three Story Brick House adjoining, now occupied by J. & D. Moore. Immediate possession to be given. Apply, in the absence of Wm. Croghan, Esq., to D. S. SCULLY, at his office, in the Diamond. April 8—tf

**ROSS WILKINS,**
ATTORNEY AT LAW.

HAS Removed his Office to Liberty Street between Third and Fourth. Ap. 1.

**Drums and Military Articles.**

JUST received from the manufactory, an assortment of *well toned BASS and TENOR DRUMS*. Also, on hand, a variety of Plumes, Eagles, Stocks, and a few other Military articles; and selling off by retail, for *Cash*.—A stock of Dry Goods, Hardware, Shoes, Hats, and a variety of School Books. ISAAC HARRIS,
Corner of Market, Liberty and St. Clair streets.
N. B.—I am obliged, *by sheer necessity*, to close my old business immediately—all persons indebted will confer a kindness and save some trouble, by an immediate settlement. I. H.
May 3, 1831.—3t

*PITTSBURGH AND JACKSON*
**FOUNDRIES.**

THE Subscribers have entered into partnership in the Foundry Business, in the name of *Kingsland, Lightner & Cuddy*; and are carrying on the Pittsburgh (late M'Clurg's) Foundry, corner of Smithfield and Fifth streets, and the Jackson Foundry, near the corner of Sixth, in Liberty street.

They have on hand, and expect to keep, a regular supply of Sad Irons, Tea Kettles, Waffle Irons, Mould Boards, Woods', Miller's Patent, and True American Plough Castings, Wagon Boxes, Bark Mills, and all other articles in their line. They have an extensive assortment of Stoves and Grates, and are making considerable addition to their variety of patterns for these articles.—They are prepared to make every description of heavy work, in the best manner, and at short notice.

Orders left at either of the Foundries, as well as all approved orders from a distance, will be promptly attended to.
L. KINGSLAND,
ISAAC LIGHTNER
JAMES CUDDY.
Pittsburgh, Feb. 25, 1831.—w3mo.

## POETRY.

*From the London Court Journal.*

PLUS DE POLITIQUE!

"Si la politique ennuie,
Meme en frondant les abus,
Rassuiez vous, Ma Mie,
Je n'en parlerai plus."—BERANGER.

Oh! when will the Session be over,—
Divisions and Treasury Notes,
The daily expresses from Dover,
The nightly discussions, and votes?
We're all growing thinner and thinner,
And look in a rapid decline;
Papa hurries off from his dinner,
Poor Arthur scarce touches his wine;
We couldn't be worse if the French meant
To carry the country by storm;
At home we hear nought but "Retrenchment,"
Abroad we hear nought but "Reform!"

No wonder the time seems so heavy;
A man is as scarce as a mouse;
By day, they are all at the Levee,
By night they are all at "The House:"
At breakfast, they're reading the papers;
At luncheon, they lift not an eye;
At dinner, they're all in the vapors
At how they'll divide bye and bye;
At supper, they sit (when they take it)
In silence, like men in a trance,
Or if they should happen to break it,
'Tis "Poland" or "Belgium" or "France!"

At Devonshire House, I expected
At least *one* agreeable night,
But the prettiest girl was neglected
As much as the veriest fright:
The blaze of the lamps were refracted
From jewels, and all that was rare,
But the Duke walked about as abstracted
As if not a creature were there:
And when Messrs. Norton entreated
He'd change to a waltz the quadrille,
His Grace only said "I repeat it,
"Dissolve—and we'll carry the Bill."

We've scarcely a Ball, or a Party,
We all go to bed when it's dark,
We haven't our game at "Ecarte,"
We haven't our ride in the Park;
We can't see the Partners that flirted
So pleasantly with us last Spring,
Our Opera-Box is deserted,
*We hear every note that they sing:*
The Fete in Park Lane was as stupid
As old Lady Salisbury's Drum.—
And Castlereagh talked not of Cupid,
And even George Anson was dumb!

So great our Political Bustle,
That even the Fashions obey:—
Our dresses are "coleur de Russell,"
Our chapeaus are all "a la Grey."
Last night, with the Countess O'Rourk, a
New Band set us all nearly mad.
When they play'd after "Althorp's Mazourka"
"The Two Brothers' (Grants) Gallopades;"
And I heard Lord Augustus Trevillian
Ask Lady Elizabeth Mills
Should he call "The Reformer's Cotillion,"
Or "Weippert's Retrenchment Quadrilles."

## POLITICAL.

### RESIGNATION OF THE CABINET.

WASHINGTON, April 18, 1831.

SIR: In communicating to me, this morning, the information of the resignation of the Secretary of State and Secretary of War, together with the reasons which had induced the former to take this step, you were pleased to observe this proceeding was made known to me as one of those whom you had associated with you in the administration of the Government, and you suggested that I would, after a few days reflection, have a further conversation with you on this subject.—But, in recurring to the brief remarks made at the time, as well as to the letter of resignation of the Secretary of State, which you were good enough to submit for my perusal, I have not been able to ascertain what particular matter was intended to be proposed for my reflection, as connected with this event. Under these circumstances, being desirous of avoiding the possibility of misapprehension as to your views, I would respectfully inquire whether the measure adopted by the Secretary of State and of War, is deemed to involve considerations on which you expect a particular communication from me, and, if so, of what nature.

I have the honor to be, respectfully, your obedient servant, S. D. INGHAM.

*To the President of the U. S.*

WASHINGTON, March 19, 1831.

SIR: I am gratified to find myself entirely relieved, by the distinct explanations at the interview to which you invited me, to-day, from the uncertainty as to the object of your communication yesterday, which I had referred to in my note of last evening, and have to make my acknowledgments for the kindness with which you have expressed your satisfaction with the manner in which I have discharged the duties of the station to which you have thought proper to invite me, and your conviction of the public confidence in my administration of the Treasury Department. I beg leave, however, to add, in my own justification, for not following the example of the Secretary of State, and Secretary of War, in making a voluntary tender of the resignation of my office, as soon as I was acquainted with theirs, that I was wholly unconscious of the application, to myself, of any of the reasons so far, as I was apprised of them, which had induced them to withdraw from the public service. It, therefore, seemed to be due my own character, which might otherwise have been exposed to unfavorable imputations, that I should find a reason for resigning, in a distinct expression of your wish to that effect; this wish has now been frankly announced, and has enabled me to place my retirement on its true ground.

I have, therefore, the honor of tendering to you my resignation of the office of Secretary of the Treasury of the United States, which you will be pleased to accept, to take effect as soon as my services may be dispensed with consistently with your views of public interest.

I seize the occasion to offer you my thanks for the many testimonials I have received of your kindness and confidence, during our official connexion, and especially for the renewed assurance this day of the same sentiment.

S. D. INGHAM.

His Excellency ANDREW JACKSON,
President U. S.

WASHINGTON, April 20, 1831.

SIR: Late last evening I had the honor to receive your letter of that date, tendering your resignation of the office of Secretary of the Treasury. When the resignations of the Secretary of State and the Secretary of War were tendered, I considered fully the reasons offered, and all the circumstances connected with the subject. After mature deliberation, I concluded to accept those resignations. But when this conclusion was come to, it was accompanied with a conviction that I must entirely renew my cabinet. Its members had been invited by me to the stations they occupied—it had come together in great harmony, and as a unit. Under the circumstances in which I found myself, I could not but perceive the propriety of selecting a Cabinet composed of entirely new materials, as being calculated, in this respect at least, to command public confidence and satisfy public opinion. Neither could I be insensible to the fact that, to permit two only to retire, would be to afford room for unjust misconceptions and malignant misrepresentations concerning the influence of their particular presence upon the conduct of public affairs. Justice to the individuals whose public spirit had impelled them to tender their resignations, also required then, in my opinion, the decision which I have stated: however painful to my own feelings, it became necessary that I should frankly make known to you the whole subject. In accepting of your resignation, it is with great pleasure that I bear testimony to the integrity and zeal with which you have managed the fiscal concerns of the nation. In your discharge of all the duties of your office, over which I have any control, I have been fully satisfied; and in your retirement you carry with you my best wishes for your prosperity and happiness.

It is expected that you will continue to discharge the duties of your office until a successor is appointed.

I have the honor to be, with great respect, your most obd't serv't, ANDREW JACKSON.

SAMUEL D. INGHAM, Secretary of the Treasury.

WASHINGTON, April 19th, 1831.

SIR—In the interview which I had the honor to hold with you this morning, I understood it to be your fixed purpose to re-organise your Cabinet, and that as to myself it was your wish that I should retire from the administration of the Navy Department.

Under these circumstances, I take pleasure in tendering to you the commission, which, unsolicited on my part, you were pleased to confer on me. I have the honor to be, with great respect, yours, &c. JOHN BRANCH.

*To the President U. S.*

WASHINGTON, April 19th, 1831.

SIR—Your letter of this date, by your son, is just received—accompanying it is your commission. The sending of the letter was not necessary; it is your own private property, and by no means to be considered part of the archives of the Government. Accordingly I return it.

There is one expression in your letter to which I take leave to except. I did not, as to *yourself*, express a wish that you should retire. The Secretary of State, and of War, having tendered their resignations, I remarked to you, that I felt it to be indispensable to reorganise my Cabinet, proper,—that it had come in harmoniously, and as a unit, and as a part was about to leave me, which on to-morrow would be announced, a reorganisation was necessary to guard against misrepresentation.—These were my remarks, made to you in candor and sincerity. Your letter gives a different import to my words.

Your letter contains no remark as to your performing the duties of the office until a successor can be selected. On this subject I should be glad to know your views.

I am, very respectfully, yours,
ANDREW JACKSON.

The Hon. JOHN BRANCH, Secretary of the Navy.

WASHINGTON, April 19th, 1831.

SIR: I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of yours of this date, in answer to mine of the same.

In reply to your remark that there is one expression in my letter to which you must except, I would respectfully answer that I gave what I understood to be the substance of your conversation. I did not pretend to quote your language.

I regret that I misunderstood you in the slightest degree; I, however, stand corrected, and cheerfully accept the interpretation which you have given to your own expression.

I shall freely continue my best exertions to discharge the duties of the Department, until you provide a successor.

I have the honor to be, with the greatest respect, your obd't servant, JOHN BRANCH.

To the PRESIDENT U. S.

WASHINGTON, April 20, 1831.

SIR: Late last evening, I had the honor to receive your letter of that date, tendering your resignation of the office of Secretary of the Navy.

When the resignations of the Secretary of State and Secretary of War were tendered, I considered fully the reasons offered, and all the circumstances connected with the subject. After mature deliberation, I concluded to accept those resignations.—But when this conclusion was come to, it was accompanied with a conviction that I must entirely renew my Cabinet. Its members had been invited by me to the stations they occupied—it had come together in great harmony, and as a unit.—Under the circumstances in which I found myself, I could not but perceive the propriety of selecting a Cabinet composed of entirely new materials, as being calculated, in this respect at least, to command public confidence and satisfy public opinion. Neither could I be insensible to the fact, that to permit two only to retire, would be to afford room for unjust misconceptions and malignant misrepresentations concerning the influence of their particular presence upon the conduct of public affairs. Justice to the individuals whose public spirit had impelled them to tender their resignations, also required then, in my opinion, the decision which I have stated: however painful to my own feelings, it became necessary that I should frankly make known to you the whole subject. In accepting of your resignation, it is with great pleasure that I bear testimony to the integrity and zeal with which you have managed the concerns of the Navy. In your discharge of all the duties of your office, over which I have any control, I have been fully satisfied, and in your retirement you carry with you my best wishes for your prosperity and happiness. It is expected that you will continue to discharge the duties of your office until a successor is appointed.

I have the honor to be, with great respect your most obed't serv't, ANDREW JACKSON.

JOHN BRANCH, Secretary of the Navy.

*From the National Gazette.*

It is not yet known whether the list of the new "Cabinet" has been completed at Washington.—Mr. Livingston is believed to have accepted the department of State. With regard to the general question of a new ministry, we may venture to say this—that none will be stable and united without one predominating mind and spirit, either a member or the President. Such men as Chatham, his son William, Canning, Villele, could preserve a Cabinet "as a unit" by the ascendency of their genius and resolution; and in the absolute monarchies, the success and uniformity of government, when these traits are observable, must be ascribed to the momentum and control of such intelligences as the Richelieus, Colberts, Mazarines, Alberonis, Pombals, Hardenbergs, Metternichs. Mediocrity has no cementing or compacting faculty. It is not plastic nor compressive.

Our constitution commits to the President all the great executive powers, and renders him alone responsible. The soul of administration ought, therefore, to be in him; it may be possible for him to preserve order, and a degree of unanimity and permanence, in the Cabinet, with the aid of one or two very able Secretaries, of imposing reputation: suppose him to be absolutely deficient in the knowledge, discrimination, volition, credit, and habits, proper to his office, and he will certainly experience constant embarrassment—a centrifugal tendency. In England, the acknowledged premier is usually the ruling and binding intelligence: it may be otherwise however, when such men as Liverpool, Castlereagh and Canning are associated. But there, the Chief Magistrate is irresponsible; he may be incompetent or inefficient, without irregularity or inconvenience.

Without meaning to disparage our late Secretary of State, we must express our conviction that he found his functions and liabilities too oppressive to be much longer borne. The internal police of party, the management of the President, the foreign relations, and the incidental labors and anxieties of his station, proved beyond his strength and courage. He had in prospect, for the next winter, an adverse or intractable Senate; an awful impediment—enough to stop the wheels of the executive government. As far as he was peculiarly obnoxious to any set of men or party in that body or in both houses of Congress, he was himself a material obstacle for President Jackson, if they could create a majority against his plans, real or supposed. His retirement, with this view of the case, might be deemed necessary for both—independently of the known estrangement or feuds between the heads of departments. President Jackson could not meet the next Congress with the same Ministers. The attempt would have been desperate. His situation will not be much improved, unless he should select unexceptionable, qualified men as their successors, with considerable weight of character, who shall maintain a perfect mutual understanding, and prepare for him a message very different from the last, in doctrine, texture, coloring and drift.

*The Abdications.*—Remarking upon the recent abdications at Washington, the Richmond Whig says—"One thing appears to be universally anticipated; that the President looks only among the ranks of Van Buren for a ministry; and this admitted, all forsee that the new ministry will have a brief career; they will share the fate of the Guizot and Lafitte ministry in France; that they will inevitably *be run down in a brief period.* General Jackson may try ministry after ministry, but mark it! they will all be run down! The root of the mischief lies in himself. There is but one way to tranquilize the country, and that is for *him to resign*, and give place to those who in this stormy period can hold the reins with a firm and steady hand. We are privately assured by those who have opportunity of intelligence, that *this to them*, would be no unexpected event—that the resignation of the President is even now within probability, and but for his enmity to Mr. Calhoun, that it would be almost certain!"

*All Pleased.*—The Columbian Gazette says—all parties seem to be pleased with the late resignations of the Cabinet. The Van Buren party, because the Calhoun portion is removed from the President's confidence and council—the Calhoun party because Mr. Van Buren can no longer have access to Gen. Jackson's ear, and poison his mind against his rivals, and the opposition party, because the country is rid of the weakest and most inefficient Cabinet which has ever disgraced it; they can no longer disturb the harmony of the President's contemplations. So all are satisfied, and we believe it is the only occurrence that has taken place since the administration came into power which had been universally approved.—*Baltimore Patriot.*

The Albany (N. Y.) Evening Journal makes the following severe comments on the resignation of the Premier:

"Mr. Van Buren's last act is in close keeping with the other trickeries of his inglorious career—*all alike false and hypocritical.* His letter each and every sentence of it, betrays the demagogue. The public must, of course, look beyond his canting letter, for the reasons that led to this political evolution. There is to be a new shuffle of the National Pack. What position the Knave will take, remains to be seen. We shall not be surprised to find him a candidate with General Jackson for Vice President. This would be excellent. In that event King and Knave must sink together."

The New York Commercial says it considers Mr. Van Buren's letter "nothing better than a confession of defeat, and qualified incapacity for public affairs—At all events in difficult times—it is what the lawyers call *cognovit actionem et damna;* and what some miserable fellows know to be a *confession of judgment.* Mr. Van Buren has been beaten at his own game; rooted out, neck and heels, from his office, by the Senators of Virginia and the Calhoun party; and this letter will always stand as the best proof of it; inasmuch as it is the acknowledgment of the party himself. He will always be labelled with this document, as poison in a druggist's store is now required to be by law."—*Baltimore Patriot.*

*Virginia.*—A Richmond correspondent of the Winchester, Va. Gazette, gives the following classification of parties, as touching the Presidential question, in the Virginia House of Delegates: Calhoun men 68—whole hog Jackson-men 50—Clay men 48. This statement of his correspondent the editor of the Winchester Gazette understands to mean, that there are 68 members who prefer Calhoun before Jackson or Van Buren: 50 who prefer Jackson first, and then Van Buren; and 48 who prefer Clay to either or all.—*Balt. Pat.*

The Florence (Alabama) Gazette declares that, notwithstanding a large majority of the House of Representatives, and a decided majority of the Senate, when General Jackson was first elected, were his thorough-going political friends, there are now large majorities in both Houses opposed in the principles of his administration, and even opposed to his re-election.—*National Gazette.*

*The Duty of Voting.*—It is a defect in our laws that they do not compel every citizen duly qualified to vote for all political officers. It is a duty more essential than that of attending militia musters, and should be enforced by heavier fines. Men are too apt to neglect the good old Commonwealth, or to suppose that they do their duty to her when they are attentive to their own individual interest—as the whole is made up of parts. But we hold it certain that, in all times, when the zealots come forth in solid column to the polls, that there is at home a quiet, orderly and industrious number, enough to hold the balance between parties; which number, if brought out, (as they have no party rancor,) would decide rightly, though they have so little zeal that they seldom come forth. A party with all its onward propensities, brings forth its members to a man; they have interest, or some evil passion to gratify; but there is a great and good mass that never know the violence of party feelings, and that, if they are obliged to come forth to vote, will universally vote according to reason and justice.—*Boston Palladium.*

*Consistency.*—The advocates of consistency are, of all people in the world, the most inconsistent. They are, for the most part, the zealots of their respective sects, and by virtue of their zealotry are canvassing perpetually for proselytes.—In effect they use all arguments to induce a change of opinion, but profess to honor those who stick, like rusty weathercocks, to one point of the compass. If you keep your own hereditary opinions you will not listen to reason, and if you change your opinion you are liable to the reproach of inconsistency. But what is the value of this consistency, and wherein does its merit consist? The value of consistency is, that we know where to find it, and how to calculate upon it. It will interfere with none of our schemes: we may make what use we please of it by quoting its former *dicta* for our purposes. It does not disturb our self-love, or our love of ease. If we have once knocked it down by an argument, there it lies, still and stupid, like a straw-stuffed scarecrow. Consistency is a blockish kind of quality. It has no more locomotiveness than an oyster. It makes up its mind in an instant. It is as easy a matter as to lock up an empty trunk. It forms its judgment as soon as it comes to court; and so far from wishing to hear both sides of the question, it hardly needs to hear one. For arguments unsettle the mind, and to listen to an argument against our opinion, shows a willingness to change them, which no consistent man ought ever to think of. Your thorough consistent man is as wise at six as he is at sixty. He came into a set of opinions, and he sticks to them, and they to him; he has taken them for better and for worse. They did very well for his father, and why should they not do for him?—Besides, a man that is moved by an argument, is like a weathercock moved by the wind. It is beneath a man's dignity to be convinced, at forty years of age, of any thing that he was not convinced of at twenty.

*Palm Leaf Hats.*—Most of our readers have no idea, probably, of the extent to which the manufacture of palm leaf hats is carried in this state.—In several towns we might mention, from twenty to fifty thousand are annually made. Two etsablishments in Barre, those of Messrs. Woods & Lee, sent to market last year, seventy-five thousand each. It is calculated that last year there were made in New England, nine hundred thousand, and the present year, two millions of this species of hats. They are sold for about three dollars a dozen, and shipped to the Southern States, and some to South America, where they form a favorite article of summer wear.—*Boston Traveller.*

### POISONING.

In the February number of Mr. Angell's Law Intelligencer, is an introductory article on the subject of Medical Jurisprudence. In it are some curious and interesting particulars of the art of Poisoning, as it was carried on in former times. For its scientific cultivation, says the writer, the world, in every age, has been chiefly indebted to the female sex, and he accounts for the anomaly by the circumstance, that "women being inferior to men, in physical strength, are compelled to pursue those means of gratifying their malice and revenge which involve no chance of personal conflict."

The following are some of his "sketches of the early history of the horrid art of poisoning."

Few persons, we are told, were more celebrated than Spara during the pontificate of Alexander the 7th; and Tophania boasted, when on the rack, of having destroyed above six hundred persons at Naples and Palermo. The latter distributed gratis, to such wives as wished for other husbands, poisons in small glass phials; and so distinguished was she in the art of producing death by poison, that the substances she employed obtained the name of *Aqua Toffania*, or *delida Toffania*. From four to six of her drops were sufficient to destroy a man; and such was her skill, that she could proportion her dose so as to have it operate in a certain time. Being at length suspected and watched by the Police, she took refuge in an ecclesiastical asylum, where her life was for a while secured by the general veneration paid to the place of her abode, and where she was visited by many strangers from motives of curiosity.

The following information respecting the history and ultimate fate of Tophania, is gathered from Labat's Travels through Italy:—"She distributed her poison in small glass phials with this inscription, 'Manna of St. Nicholas of Bari,' and ornamented with the image of the saint. A miraculous oil employed by folly in the cure of many diseases, drops from the tomb of that saint, which is shown at Bari, in the kingdom of Naples, and on this account it is dispersed in great abundance under the like name. It was therefore the best appellation which Tophania could give to her poison, because the reputed sanctity of it prevented the custom-house officers from examining it too closely.—When the viceroy was informed of this (in 1709) Tophania fled from one convent to another, but was at length seized and thrown into prison. The clergy raised a great outcry on account of this violation of ecclesiastical freedom, and endeavored to excite the people to insurrection. But they were soon appeased on a report that Tophania had confessed that she had poisoned all the springs in the city. Being put to the rack, she acknowledged her wickedness, named those who had protected her, who were immediately dragged from churches and monasteries. She was afterwards strangled, and, to mitigate the archbishop, her body was thrown at night into the area of the convent from which she had been taken."

We have already alluded to the fame acquired by Spara, under the government of Pope Alexander VII. It was in the year 1659, and under the ecclesiastical reign just mentioned, that it was observed at Rome, that many young married women became widows, and that many husbands died when they became disagreeable to their wives.—Several of the clergy also declared that, for some time past, various persons had acknowledged at confession, that they had been guilty of poisoning. At length the suspicion of government was directed to a society of young wives, whose President appeared to be an old woman, who pretended to foretell future events, and, with dreadful exactness, had indeed often predicted the death of numerous persons. In order that the presiding genius of this extraordinary and destructive coalition might be convicted, the following stratagem was practised: She was visited by a woman of considerable address, who was represented as a person of uncommon distinction, and who pretended that she wished to obtain her confidence, and to procure some of her drops for a tyrannical husband. By these means the whole association were arrested, and all of them but Hieronyme Spara, (the wonderful prophetess,) confessed without the application of torture. "Where now," cried Spara, "are the Roman princes, knights, and heroes, who, on so many occasions promised me their protection.—Where are the ladies who assured me of their friendship! Where are my children whom I have placed in so distinguished situations!" This extraordinary woman, it seems, after her detection, still entertained hopes of assistance and release, though finally she was publicly hanged.

*Chesapeake and Delaware Canal.*—We learn that the business of this Canal continues most prosperous. The tolls of last week exceeded $2,500. Upwards of eight hundred vessels have passed during the last month.—*National Gazette, April 26.*

*Increase of the numbers of Mankind.*—On the supposition that the human race has a power to double its numbers four times in a century, or once in each succeeding period of twenty-five years, as some philosophers have computed, and that nothing prevented the exercise of this power of increase, the descendants of Noah and his family would have now increased to the following number—1,496,577,676,626,844,588,240,572,268,701,473,812,127,674,924,007,404.

| | |
|---|---|
| The surface of the earth contains of square miles | 196,663,355 |
| Mercury and all the other planets, contain about | 46,790,511,000 |
| The sun contains | 2,442,900,000,000 |
| | 2,489,887,174,355 |

Hence, upon the supposition of such a rate of increase of mankind as has been assumed, the number of human beings now living would be equal to the following number for each square mile upon the surface of the earth, the sun and all the planets: 61,062,000,000,000,000,0000,000,000,000,000,000,000; or, to the following number for each square inch—149,720,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000. The last number alone is infinite with relation to human conception. Merely to *count* it would require an incredible period. Supposing the whole inhabitants now upon the surface of the globe to be one thousand millions, which is believed somewhat to exceed the actual number, and supposing that this multitude, infants and adults, were to be employed in nothing else but counting, that each were to work 365 days in the year, and 10 hours in the day, and count 100 per minute, it would require, in order to count the number in question, 6,636,500 millions of years.—*Quarterly Journal of Agriculture.*

*Dread of Mines.*—There are no means of destruction more alarming in the contemplation of mankind than mines, nor any warlike engine or preparation calculated to have the same appalling ideal effect on the minds of the soldiery. There is, also, in the darkness of night and the treading hostile ground, supposed to have been prepared for every species of obstruction, something so uncertain, that it is neither to be wondered at, nor considered inconsistent with their general bearing, that, under such circumstances, the bravest troops should be seized with irresolution from the most trival causes. The flame of a port-fire struck a momentary terror in the minds of men, that artillery, musketry, walls, and the bayonets of the French infantry, had failed to daunt. Part of Gen. Walker's brigade, mistaking this appearance for the forerunner to the explosion of a mine, broke, and were bayoneted back to the spot where they had previously surmounted difficulties which there could have been no discredit in failing to overcome.—*Major Hay's Narrative of the Peninsular War: Storming of Badajos.*

Extract of a letter from an American gentleman in Antigua, to his correspondent in the city of New Haven.

"ANTIGUA, March 24, 1831.—'This island is in a state of insurrection—all business is suspended—martial law in force—and nobody sleeps but on their arms. Prompt measures, however, have been taken—some slaves, supposed to be the ringleaders, apprehended—and trials by court martial to commence to-morrow. We hope a few days may restore order and security."

## PITTSBURGH PRICES CURRENT.—

Corrected weekly, by Riddle, Forsyth & Co.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Ashes, pot, lb. | 4 a 4½ | Steel, co. lb. | 7a8 † |
| pearl, | 5 | sad irons | 6 cts† |
| sc. salts | 3½ a 3§ | Lead, in pigs | 4† |
| black salts | 3 a 3½† | bars | 4½† |
| Axes, doz. | $14 a 16† | white, in kegs | $2½† |
| Augers, qr. | 6 a 7† | dry, lb. | 12† |
| Alum, lb. | 6 | Shot, all sizes, | 6† |
| Bacon, lb. | 6§ | Leather, sole, | 24 a 26† |
| Butter, keg, | 6a7† | upper, doz. | $27a30† |
| Bags, 3 bu. tw. | 50 a 68† | calf skins, | 15 a 26§ |
| Beans, sh. bush. | 67 a75† | Lard, | 6 a 6½§ |
| Biscuit, sea, b. | 3 50 a 4† | Logwood, | 2½ a 3† |
| w. crack. bbl. | 4½ a 5† | Molasses, | 30† |
| Beer, | 3 † | Nails, Jun. bra. 10d | 5½† |
| Coals, bush. | 4† | 8d | 5½† |
| Candles, lb. | 8½ | 6d | 6† |
| Copperas | 2½ a 3† | 4d | 7½† |
| Cheese | 6½a7§ | other | 5 a 6½† |
| Cordage, Ky. | 8 a 11§ | Oil, flaxseed, gal. | 70§ |
| Irwin's | 9 a 15 | tanners', bbl. | $19 a 20† |
| Coffee, g.in bgs. | 13 | Onions, bushl. | $ 1§ |
| Cotton Wool | 8½a8½† | Paper | |
| Cassinets, | 40 a110† | cap, No. 1 rm. | $3½a3½† |
| Cotton Goods, | | No. 2, | 2½a3½† |
| 3-4 Plaids, n. I. y. | 11a12† | No. 3, | 2½a2½† |
| 4-4 Checks | 13½ a 15† | letter | 2 50 a 4† |
| 3-4 Stripes | 17† | crown wrap. | 1 25 |
| Cot. yarns, lb. | No. 5, 22† | medium do. | $1 75a2† |
| Flour, bbl. | $3 37* | paper hang's p. | 37a35 |
| Feathers | 30§ | Pork, fresh lb. | 3½ a 4 |
| Flax, scutched, lb. | 6† | pkd. mess, bbl. | 10½a11 |
| hatcheled. | 10* | prime, | $9 |
| Flannels, cy. 4-4 | 37a45* | Potatoes, bush. | 25 a 40† |
| Fish—bbl. | | Rags, Ohio, | 5* |
| New herring, | $ 9§ | do. Kentucky | 4½† |
| shad, | 13§ | Sugar, N. O. lb. | 6½a7† |
| mack'l. | 6½ a 9† | country, | 7§ |
| Grain, wheat, bu. | 56½§ | lump, | 16 a 17† |
| barley | 40† | loaf, | 17 a 19† |
| rye | 28 a31† | Salt, | $2 12† |
| corn | 31a33§ | Soap, lb. | 5½ a 8 |
| Glass, 8by 10, box | $3¾a4† | Sifters—doz. | |
| 10 by 12, | $4½a5† | wire No. 14, 16, | $5 |
| 12 by 18, | $9 00† | Spades & shovels | $7½a10 |
| Bottles, porter groce | 9† | Tobacco | |
| gallon doz. | 2½† | keg, lb. | 5 a 10cts† |
| ½ do. | 1½† | leaf, | 2½a 3† |
| ¼ do. | 87½cts† | Tallow, rendered | 8† |
| pint | 62½† | rough | 4½ a 5† |
| Gunpowder, keg | $5½a6† | Tea. Y. H. lb. | 90a$1 6* |
| Hemp, ton | 85 | H. skin, | 70 a 75§ |
| Hides, Span. lb. | 13 a 15§ | imperial, | 1,50a1,40§ |
| green | 5§ | Wax, bees' | 26* |
| Indigo, Span lb. | 2½a2½† | Wool, | 35 a 60* |
| Bengal, | 2½ a 2½† | Wool hats, doz. | $6 a 7§ |
| Iron, b. Jun. t. | $100† | Whisk. o. gall. | 30a50c.† |
| blooms, Jun | $85† | new | 23½a25† |
| rolled | 100† | Vices, bright | 14 |
| sheet, cwt. | 9½† | black | 9½ a 10† |
| pig, ton | $28 a 30† | 4-4 br. Sheetg. | 10a 10½† |

REMARKS—* demand; § scarce; † plenty.

### TO THE AFFLICTED.

DR. J. SUMNER, having discovered an infallible cure for different species of *HERNIA or RUPTURE*, by an external application of ointment, without inconvenience to the patient; which ointment, prepared only by himself, he now offers for sale to all who are afflicted with the above complaint, being confident of success from the many proofs he has had of its efficacy—likewise, he considers it a duty to give to the public a fair statement of his own case.

For fifteen years he was sorely afflicted with two Ruptures, the pains of which were so severe, that he was compelled to relinquish all active business, wearing a Truss, and keeping himself a long period mostly confined, and had nearly gave up all hope of ever enjoying a comfortable state of health.—In this dilemma he was forcibly struck with the old adage, that there never was an evil without a remedy, and forthwith commenced a series of experiments upon himself, which through Divine Providence resulted in a complete and radical cure. JOHN SUMNER,

No. 139 North Third Street, Philadelphia.

This may certify, That my Son, aged thirteen years, was afflicted with a Rupture for three years, and was under the necessity of wearing the Truss constantly, but without any other effect than a temporary relief, and was effectually cured by Dr. J. Sumner in about three weeks time.

JOHN C. DOUGLAS,
*No. 131 South Eleventh street, Philadelphia.*

This may Certify, That I have been afflicted with a Rupture for between four and five years, and have been effectually cured by Doctor J. Sumner, in about five weeks time.

JOHN VASEY,
*Corner of York Road and Coates street, Philada.*

I Certify, That I was afflicted with a Rupture for four years, and was effectually cured by the application of Dr. Sumner's OINTMENT, in the term of four weeks. E. WILSON.

I Certify, That my Son David, was effectually cured of a Rupture in three weeks time, of twelve years standing, by making use of Dr. Sumner's OINTMENT. D. COX.

The above Certificates are deemed sufficient, and many others might be obtained, and many references can be given.

☞ FINDLAY & MADEIRA are Agents for the above Medicine, corner of Market and Front streets, Pittsburgh.

March 29, 1831.—w1mo&mtf.

### FOR THE CURE OF THE TOOTH-ACHE.

The subscribers, having united in the purchase of all Dr. Thomas White's right, (as expressed in his Letters Patent, obtained of the United States, on the 29th July, 1829,) to make and sell the said White's Celebrated Tooth-Ache Drops, in the county of Allegheny, are prepared to supply the city and county with any quantity of said Drops, and warrant them *genuine.*—Sold at Retail, by E. HALE, Surgeon Dentist, at his office, No 70 Fourth street; Wholesale, by JOHN HANNEN & Co., corner of Market and Liberty streets, Pittsburgh.

E. HALE, Dentist,
J. HANNEN, Druggist.

☞ The subscriber, in his practice as a Dentist, having successfully and to a considerable extent used "Doctor T. White's Vegetable Tooth Ache Drops," can recommend them, when *genuine*, as superior to any other remedy now in use. If obtained of the subscriber, a *cure* is *guarantied.*

A certificate of the Patentee may be seen at the office of the subscriber, No. 70 Fourth street, near Wood; where all Dental operations will be performed to the satisfaction of the patient, or no charges required.

E. HALE, Surgeon Dentist.

April 15—tf

## HARDWARE,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

J. & J. PATTERSON, JR. respectfully inform their friends and the public generally, that, in connexion with their Lock and Brass Foundry Establishment, they are now opening and intend keeping at their warehouse, No. 70 Wood street, Pittsburgh, a general assortment of Foreign and Domestic HARDWARE and CUTLERY, all of which they offer on accommodating terms.

April 19—6t&w6t

## HATTERS' FURS

*AND TRIMMINGS.*

THE subscriber has just received, from the city of New York, a well selected Stock of HATTERS' FURS AND TRIMMINGS of all kinds, which are offered for sale at his hat store, No. 66 Market street.

Also, a general assortment of FASHIONABLE HATS of his own manufacture, wholesale and retail, on fair terms. JAMES WILSON.

Jan. 28—wtf.

### FOR SALE,

A FINE BODY OF LANDS, consisting of 15 tracts, or about 5000 acres, situate 3 to 4 miles from the town of Indiana, in Indiana county, Pennsylvania. These lands being the first surveys made in that county under the proprietaries of Pennsylvania, so early as 1773, were then selected for their choice quality, and particularly for their abundance of meadow ground; Crooked Creek and part of Twolick running directly thro' them. The greater part of them are tenanted under improving leases, and the thriving town of Indiana, with the vicinity of the new state improvements, render them a desirable object for the investment of money in landed property. Further information will be given by Daniel Stanard, Esq. in Indiana, who will show the lands, or Thomas White, Esq.; and the terms, which will be accommodating to a purchaser of the whole body together, will be fully made known by the subscriber, in Philadelphia. H. D. GILPIN.

March 29, 1831—w3m

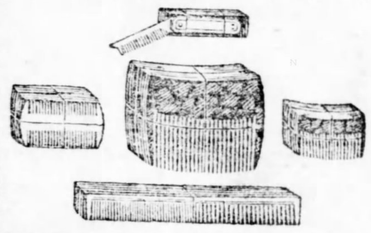
TO THE PUBLIC.—We, the undersigned Painters and Glaziers of the city of Pittsburgh, do certify, that the WHITE LEAD now manufactured by H. Brunot, and branded '*Pittsburgh White Lead*—H. BRUNOT,' is as good as any made in or about Pittsburgh, and we give it a preference.

| | |
|---|---|
| Alex. Ingram, | Archibald Shaw, |
| Joseph Jenkinson, | David Glenn, |
| Robert Menha, | Isaac Rhoads, |
| E. G. Nelson, | E. S. Byrne, |
| John Phillips, | A. Westervelt, |
| Andrew Beggs, | Nath. Whiston, |
| George Dobbs, | John W. Kane, |
| James Stuart, | John Hern. |

☞ Orders addressed to H. Brunot & Co. Pittsburgh, will be attended to. Nov. 26.—w6m.

PITTSBURGH

## COMB MANUFACTORY



PETER V. S. VOORHIS respectfully informs the citizens of Pittsburgh and vicinity, that he has commenced business at the house lately occupied by John I. Kay & Co., being No. 95 Market street, near Liberty street, where he manufactures, and will constantly keep on hand, for sale, wholesale and retail, at the most reasonable prices, all articles in his line of business, consisting of MOCK SHELL, TORTOISE SHELL, BRAZILIAN SHELL, IVORY, and HORN COMBS, of a variety of Patterns and Sizes—of his own manufacture. He also keeps on hand a handsome assortment of fashionable *JEWELRY*, consisting of Breast Pins, Chains, Seals, Keys, Rings, Neck-Laces, Ever Pointed Pencils, and a great variety of FANCY ARTICLES, which he will sell on the lowest and most accommodating terms.

N. B.—Tortoise Shell Combs repaired in the neatest manner.—The highest price given for Horns. April 1, 1831.—2mF

FOR SALE, a complete set of the AMERICAN FARMER, from its commencement until the month of March last, comprising twelve quarto volumes, all neatly bound. This work, containing a body of the most valuable agricultural information, both practical and scientific, ever published in this country, is offered for sale on the most reasonable terms. Inquire at the office of the Gazette, or at No. 138 Liberty street.

April 26, 1831.

VAT POTS.—Just received by the subscribers, one small and two large PAPER, MILL VAT POTS, (copper.) They have been used for one year. The Pots are made on the most approved plan, and will be sold very low.

G. FABER & SONS, 116 Wood street.

November 23—wtf

THE SUBSCRIBERS, late of the firm of Warden, Arthurs & Benny, and of Warden, Arthurs & Co., respectfully inform their friends, and the public generally, that they have formed a Copartnership under the firm of Warden & Benny, and have taken that large and commodious establishment lately occupied by the Pittsburgh Steam Engine Co., where they will continue the manufacturing of Steam Engines, all kinds of heavy Machinery, Castings, Screws, &c. an assortment of which will be kept constantly on hand. Having enlarged the work, and otherwise facilitated their operations, they feel competent to execute any orders in their line, and hope, by unremitting personal attention, and from their long experience in the business, to receive a share of public patronage, and respectfully solicit an extension to them of that bestowed on the P. S. E. Co.

JOHN B. WARDEN,
JAMES BENNY.

*References*—Damorin & Sloane, and Byrne & Co., New Orleans. April 22—w3t

### FOR SALE,

A TRACT OF FIRST QUALITY LAND, situate on Rushy Run, in Luzerne township Fayette county, containing nearly 400 acres, of which about 150 acres are cleared, and the rest in fine woodland, with a considerable portion of good meadow ground, watered by several small streams. The buildings on it consist of a good dwelling house, barn and out houses. It is about five miles from Brownsville, and the road from Uniontown to Crawford's ferry, on the Monongahela, runs directly through it. It is also convenient to places of worship, in a finely settled and improved country, and presents altogether one of the most desirable tracts in the Redstone settlement. The terms will be made easy, and on payment of part of the purchase money, time will be given for the residue. The tract is at present principally in the tenure of Edward Eaglen; but further information will be given by Stephen Darlington, Esq., in the neighborhood, or by the subscriber, in Philadelphia. H. D. GILPIN.

March 29, 1831—w3m

## TO RENT,

THE JEFFERSON HOTEL, in the city of St. Louis, corner of Main and Pine streets, having undergone a thorough repair, and considerable addition built thereto, will be rented for a term of years. This house is 52 feet on Main, by 160 deep on Pine street, three stories high; has a bar room and sitting room back, together 20 by 40 feet; the principal entry is on Main street, 10 feet wide; the dining room on second floor is 20 by upwards of 100 feet in length, has four fire places, and a hoisting apparatus to convey the meals from the principal kitchen, which is immediately underneath on a ground floor, and is 18 by 40 feet, with two large fire places and a large bake oven attached thereto. The house contains thirty lodging rooms of various sizes, one of which is 28 by 44 feet; most of them have fire places. There are also, two store-rooms near the kitchen, and two cellar kitchens, and a wash house. One porch 6 by 60 feet, and another 8 by 18 feet; a cistern in the yard, 12 feet deep, and 15 in diameter; 6 flights of stairs

# The Pittsburgh Gazette.

FRIDAY MORNING, MAY 6, 1831.


Our agent, in performance of his duty in collecting subscribers for the Pittsburgh Gazette daily, failed to find many gentlemen at home, and of course could not get their names. Those gentlemen who are disposed to patronise a daily paper, and who were not seen by our agent, are requested to call at this office, within ten days from this time.

PITTSBURGH.—Every day, and almost every hour of the day, we hear remarks upon the present very prosperous condition of this little valley of the three rivers. We believe it may be very confidently asserted, that no branch of business has ever been in a more thriving and healthy state than at the present period. Our mechanics and our manufacturers are all steadily and profitably employed in their various occupations; our commission merchants have as much business as they can conveniently attend to, while the sales of merchandise of foreign and domestic manufacture, we believe, greatly exceed those of any former year. This improvement and increase of business is not confined to the little half mile of ground contained within the limits of the city proper; the suburbs are also in a highly improving condition. Perhaps we might fearlessly assert that no town in the United States is increasing in business, wealth, and population, more rapidly than the borough of Allegheny.

But our object at present is to notice the very great improvement which has recently been made in the conveniences for *Stage Traveling*, in all directions, to and from our city; to which subject our attention was drawn by hearing that much pains had been taken in a neighboring town to misrepresent this matter to travelers proceeding eastward.

Messrs. Reeside, Slaymaker & Co., since they came into possession of the entire line from this city to Philadelphia, have displayed their usual enterprise and public spirit, and have established three distinct lines of stages: one, the mail stage line, which runs through to Philadelphia in less than two days and a half; another in four days—both daily lines; and a third, which runs every other day. All these lines have new and comfortable stages, good horses, and *sober, civil, and skilful drivers.*

In addition to these three, there is a fourth line, which runs daily along the Northern route by Blairsville, Huntingdon, and Lewistown, and makes the trip to Philadelphia in less than four days. This line is also well regulated, and affords travelers an opportunity of viewing the progress of the great Pennsylvania Canal. These four lines afford such great and tempting facilities for traveling, that we were not at all surprised to learn, that the traveling east and west through our city this year had greatly increased.

We are told that Messrs. Reeside, Slaymaker & Company intend to start, on the 10th instant, a daily line of stages from this city to Wheeling, to run through in one day, and by day light; to be independent of, and entirely distinct from the Cumberland line, which runs from Washington to Wheeling. This will indeed be a great accommodation to travelers wishing to pass through our city in their progress east or west. At present, travelers from this city to Wheeling, or *vice versa*, have to remain all night at Washington.

Mr. Dohrman, of Steubenville, will shortly, we are told, open a new and very interesting line of communication between this city and Wheeling. He has recently built a steamboat, intended to ply between Wheeling and Steubenville, and intends to connect with it a line of stages from Steubenville to Pittsburgh; so that, by this route also, the trip from Pittsburgh to Wheeling can be made every day, and in day light, thirty-six miles of the the distance by land, and twenty-three by water. We have no doubt that this will be a highly popular and desirable route.

The speed of the line of stages from this city to Cleaveland, by the way of Beavertown, is also, we are told, about to be greatly increased, so as to make the trip in a day and a half. This route will be very convenient for travelers going to the Western Reserve, or any part of the upper lakes.

By an advertisement in the Pittsburgh Statesman, we also learn that the proprietors of the line of stages which runs hence to Erie, are about to run *through* in thirty-six hours. This route will be very desirable to persons wishing to travel through Pittsburgh to the Falls of Niagara, or to New York, by the way of the canal.

Newspapers in the east and west, would probably confer a favor on many of their friends, and would aid in exposing misrepresentations, by republishing this article, or the substance of it.

PIN MONEY! PIN MONEY!—We do not understand this word, as used in the last Statesman.—What *pin money* has do with *postage*, we cannot discover. We have heard of editors being *pinned* down to the support of candidates whom they had *vehemently abused*, by the gift or loan of money. If such editors should happen to be detected in such mercenary conduct, they would deserve to be *posted*. In this way, and in this way only, can we discover the slightest concatenation between *pin* money and *postage*.

A short time since we stated the amount of the postage paid by the state for each of our members; and in this statement it appeared that Mr. Craft's was much the highest. In the next Statesman, the editor, who had most *vehemently abused* Mr. Craft during the last session, came out in his defence. In our succeeding paper, we republished this defence *without comment;* and now the *pin money* editor charges us with a want of candor, because we did not make out a better defence for his *new* protege than he had done. The editor of the Statesman *says* that this postage is a "small matter," but he does not seem to *think* so, for he has made *much* of it. He has, however, been but recently *converted* into a supporter of Mr. Craft; and, as with all new converts, his zeal is great.

During the last winter we disapproved of Mr. Craft's conduct as much as Mr. Butler did: we considered it, as it turned out to be, a very "small matter;" but we did not imitate the example of our neighbor, and devote a whole column of our paper to an abusive philippic against him. Mr. Craft has now come home, has come into immediate contact with both of us, but has not succeeded in "*pinning* our faith to his sleeve." Last winter we refused to follow the example of the editor of the Statesman in *assailing* Mr. Craft, and now we refuse to follow his example in *defending* him. We have no desire to make much of a small matter: we are therefore done with it.

COMMUNICATED.

## ANTI-MASONIC COUNTY CONVENTION.

Pursuant to public notice by the Anti-Masonic Committee of Correspondence for the county of Allegheny, delegates from the respective wards of the city of Pittsburgh and from the townships in said county, met in convention at the Court House, on Wednesday, the 20th day of April, A.D. 1831.

The convention was organised by the election of David Gilleland, Esq. of Wilkins township, Chairman, and John Willock, Secretary.

The object of the Convention having been stated by the Chairman, it was, on motion of Mr. Bayne, of the Fountain Inn District,

*Resolved*, That this convention do now proceed to the election of five delegates to represent the county of Allegheny in the Anti-Masonic State Convention to be held at Harrisburgh on the 25th day of May next.

The convention then proceeded to the election of delegates, and the votes having been counted, the following gentlemen were declared to be duly chosen, viz:—

Messrs. Wm. Hays, Andrew Watson, Samuel Frew, John R. Roseburgh and Geo. Watson, Esq.

On motion it was resolved that the delegates now chosen shall have full power to fill any vacancy occurring in their number.

Wm. W. Irwin, Esq. then rose, and after addressing the meeting; submitted the following Resolutions, which were adopted *unanimously*.

Whereas, It is the opinion of the members of this convention that the right of suffrage is one of the most sacred political rights guaranteed to the American citizen by the constitution and laws of his country, and a right involving in its exercise high responsibility: And whereas this convention considers Freemasonry in its principles, obligations, and practices hostile to the liberties of the people, and at war with the spirit of republican government: Therefore,

*Resolved*, That the members of this convention cannot consent to support for public office any individual who adheres to the Masonic Fraternity, or recognises the oaths and penalties of the order to be binding upon his conscience.

And where as both the present candidates for the office of President of the United States are high masons, and are *thereby* incapacitated from a just and righteous performance of the duties of the exalted station to which they aspire: therefore,

*Resolved*, That in the opinion of this convention the present crisis in our public affairs demands, and the interests and well being of the community render it essential and necessary, that the individuals to be selected for the offices of President and Vice President of the United States should be free and exempt from the oaths and penalties of Freemasonry and other secret societies, and should owe allegiance to no other government but that established by the people of the land.

*Resolved*, also, that 'this convention does strenuously recommend to the National Convention appointed to be held in Baltimore in Sept. next, the propriety and necessity of nominating for the office of President and Vice President candidates who are hostile to Freemasonry.

*Resolved*, That the late trials of Elisha Adams and others at Lockport, in the State of New York, furnish the most positive evidence, that the abduction and murder of Wm. Morgan were the result of long concert and premeditation in the Lodges and Chapters throughout the western part of that state, and force upon our minds of irritheesistible conclusion that the most wilful, deliberate, and foul murder which has ever disgraced the American annals, was not only the effect of masonic obligations, but that it did receive the official sanction of the Masonic Institution, and was followed by the congratulations of the fraternity.

It was then upon motion resolved that the proceedings of this convention be signed by the chairman and secretary and published in such papers of the city as will consent to publish the same.

Convention adjourned *sine die*.

DAVID GILLELAND, Ch'n.
JOHN WILLOCK, Sec'y.

COMMUNICATED.

## JEFFERSON COLLEGE.

The Board of Trustees at their late meeting, have confirmed the purchase of a farm of 200 acres of prime land in the vicinity of the College. The premises are now occupied by the Students—and the advantages of the self-supporting system will be immediately extended to as many young men as can be accommodated in the present buildings on the farm. In addition to those who may live on the farm, opportunity will be afforded to any of the Students at College, who may desire it, to cultivate a portion of ground, and to dispose of the proceeds at their own discretion.

The new College edifice is to be completed next fall, and a part to be ready for use at the commencement of the Summer Session. To as many as lodge in the College, the expenses will be greatly reduced by applying to their support the proceeds of agricultural or horticultural labor. It is confidently believed, when the contemplated arrangements shall be complete, that 40 or 50 students, by residing on the farm and by a moderate portion of daily labor—will nearly if not entirely *support* themselves, whilst the expenses may be greatly *reduced*, to all others who voluntarily consent to labor. In adopting measures calculated to afford the advantages of education to the poor as well as to the rich—to promote health and vigor of body and mind—to form habits of industry, temperance and economy—with many other advantages, the Trustees look with confidence to a liberal public for patronage and aid to meet the great expenses incurred.

The Summer Session will commence on the 1st day of June.

In addition to the stated instructions of the Institution—Dr. J. Green, Professor in the Jefferson Medical School, Philadelphia, is expected to deliver his very interesting course of Lectures on Chemistry, with ample experiments, during the months of July and August.

The whole College expenses are 25 dollars per annum, including Tuition, Fuel, Janitor's wages, College Library, Repairs, &c.

Boarding may be had in the town or vicinity from 1 dollar to 1 50 per week; Coal at 2½ cents per bushel. The number of Students during the last Session exceeded 150—there is a prospect of a considerable increase the ensuing Session.

Students who desire to live on the farm, or otherwise to unite in the manual labor system, would do well to make known their desires to the Faculty as soon as practicable.

Cannonsburgh, April 30 1831.

*The Canal.*—The great benefits of our canal are now beginning to be realised. With the exception of a comparatively small portion of land carriage, goods have been brought from Philadelphia to this city by water! 7927 lbs. of merchandise, consigned to Birmingham & Carlisle, arrived in this city, from Philadelphia on Saturday last, having been but 15 days on their passage! The freight was but $2 25 per hundred, being $1 25 lower than formerly!—*Mercury.*

*S. W. Foreman* vs. *Keemle & Brooks*—This libel suit, which has been for some time pending in the Circuit Court of St. Louis county, came to trial a few days since. Considerable interest was excited, as both plaintiff and defendants were public men, somewhat conspicuous in the party controversies of this state. Col. Foreman, the plaintiff, was, at the time of the libel, editor of the *St. Louis Times*, [since then, that paper is on quite a different footing, both as to men and measures,] and Keemle & Brooks were (as Mr. Keemle still is) printers and publishers of the *St. Louis Beacon*. The parties were conductors of rival Jackson presses, and waged a fierce war against each other, each striving to be the head and organ of the party. In the course of that war, the Beacon laid itself liable to this action, by charging Col. F. with a disgraceful crime. The defendants put in a plea of justification, but gave no evidence in support of it; and the jury, having heard the testimony and the arguments of counsel, returned a verdict of *five thousand dollars damages!!!—Missouri Repub.*

It is a singular feature in the study of the human mind, that that most ludicrous of all poems, John Gilpin, was written by Cowper, in the midst of one of his blackest fits of dejection.

*From Halifax.*—We are indebted to our attentive correspondent at Halifax, for a file of late papers, received yesterday morning by the packet Cordelia. Captain Smith, of the brig Mary, arrived there in 23 days from Nevis, informed that accounts had been received at Nevis, from Guadaloupe, that all the public buildings at Basseterre had been burnt by the Negroes. An American schooner, belonging to Baltimore, to mount 16 guns, was fitting out at St. Thomas—destination unknown. The brig Billow, from Bermuda to Halifax, in charge of Lieutenant Listen, of the 81st regiment, had been wrecked, and her crew and passengers, in all about one hundred persons, met with a watery grave. The distressing shipwreck is thus noticed by the editor of the Halifax Journal:—

"The melancholy intelligence of the shipwreck of the Billow, and the loss of all who were on board of her, was received on Saturday last, by a vessel from Liverpool. A shallop had arrived there from the Ragged Islands, the Skipper of which, stated that the wreck of the Billow had been discovered on shore at that place—that the Captain's Log Book had been picked up, by which it was ascertained that the number of persons on board at the time she sailed from Bermuda was ninety-eight, exclusive of her crew—thirty soldiers and sixty-eight women and children; that nineteen bodies had been found, and buried, one of which was a child, who was tied to a plank. This is the most distressing event which has occurred upon our coast since the loss of his Majesty's Ship Tribune, which took place, if our recollection serves us, in the year 1797. The Billow was most probably lost in the gale of the 8th and 9th instant, which was very severe."

The defeat of the Timber Bill, in the British Parliament, had given much satisfaction at Halifax.—*Boston Gazette.*

*National Courtesy.*—During a violent gale at Gibraltar, about the middle of January, the U. S. sloop of War Boston, Captain Storer, which was lying in the Bay, lost three of her anchors, and was considered by her commander in a very critical situation. Colonel Hayne, the United States' Navy Agent at Gibraltar, not being able to procure any anchors at private sale, made application to Governor Don, for a supply from the King's Arsenal, to which he received the following prompt reply:—

"I have had the honor to receive your letter of this day's date, and beg leave to acquaint you that I have not lost a moment in informing the naval officer in charge of his Majesty's Dock-yard here, of the loss of anchors which the United States' Sloop of War has unfortunately sustained, and in requesting that Captain Storer may be immediately supplied with such as may be necessary, from the Dock-yard."

This act of courtesy was thus acknowledged by Colonel Hayne:—

"I should do injustice to my own feelings, but still greater injustice to the very frank and prompt conduct exhibited by your Excellency on the present occasion, if I did not return you my most unfeigned thanks for having extended relief and protection during the late storm, to the U. States' Sloop of War Boston, now riding at anchor in Gibraltar. *You have saved the ship.* The act itself, *but especially by the manner in which it was conferred*, call for the expression of my warmest gratitude."

Governor Don replied as follows:—

"I feel extremely happy to find that the anchors supplied from his Majestys' Dock-yard to the U. States' Sloop of War Boston, have been the means of placing that vessel in safety."

*The Oregon Territory, Columbia River, &c.*—We have conversed with Captain Dominis, of the brig Owhyhee, which arrived last week from the Pacific Ocean, who informs us that in February, 1829, he entered Columbia River, and remained until April. He revisited the River also in August, 1830. He describes the climate as delightful, free from the vicissitudes of heat and cold experienced on the Atlantic side of North America. In August the heat was not nearly so great as with us; and, through the winter, he saw no snow, nor was there any ice seen in the river. He is of opinion that two crops of potatoes, and of different kinds of grain, could be raised without any difficulty. The navigation at the mouth of the Columbia is rather dangerous, as there are breakers upon a Bar, where there is 4½ fathoms at low water; and indeed the British Hudson's Bay Company lost two brigs there, one in 1829 and the other in 1830; but, from the mouth, for about 120 miles, as far as the Great Falls, the river is deep enough for the largest merchant vessel.

About 80 miles from the mouth of the Columbia, the river Wallameth enters it, a large river which is navigable to about 20 miles from its mouth, where there are Falls of 20 feet, and a most eligible site for manufactories. From its source it runs a N. W. course to the Columbia. A smaller river, called the Coulez, empties into the Columbia from the north, about 20 miles below the Willameth.

The soil on these rivers, not far from the mouth of the Columbia, he represents to be of the best quality, especially round the Wallameth, where the country is well watered, as Captain D. learnt from hunters, and abounding with extensive forests of hard wood. There is also a fine growth of hard timber on the upper Columbia. These rivers abound in salmon, sturgeon, herring, and other fish; the season for herring commences in February, and for salmon in May. The natives are not numerous, but are very peaceable, by no means like those at Nootka Sound, &c. and Capt. D. at no time felt any apprehensions from them.—*Boston Patriot.*

The number of vessels arrived at our port within a few weeks past, is almost unprecedented, and the Custom House, during the whole of the month of April has been crowded from opening till closing; the clerks have been occupied not only during the regular hours, but to keep up with the great press of business, have been engaged till near midnight. On Saturday last 367 entries were made and 78 vessels were cleared—being a greater number than ever was known in any one day before. When the account for April, of the duties secured, and the business done, shall be made up, we believe it will be found to exceed that of any previous month in the annals of the Custom House.—*N. Y. Mer. Adv.*

*Fifty Years Hence!*—The increase of population in the United States within ten years, appears, by the last census, to have been upwards of three millions, which is something more than the entire population of the Colonies at the commencement of the Revoiutionary War. This shows with what rapid strides our country is advancing in physical strength and political importance. Those are now born, who will, in all probability, live to see this Republic the most powerful among the nations of the earth, as well as the most free and happy.—In half a century more, our population may reach from forty to fifty millions, and be equal to that of France and Great Britain united. If improvement in the useful arts for the next fifty years keep pace with the progress they have made in the last fifty, there will be scarcely any part of the country so remote as not to be penetrated by canals and railroads—that will not be brought *near to market* by the newly discovered power of steam—or rather by the new application of that power to propelling boats and carriages. The present generation has witnessed wonderful discoveries, and political revolutions of incalculable importance to the freedom and happiness of the human family. The succeeding ones—our children and children's children—are destined perhaps to witness occurrences not less extraordinary.—Judging by the past, who can pretend to say what will be the extent of future discoveries? The man who had ventured to predict a few years ago that carriages could be impelled by steam, with passengers and cargo, at the rate of twenty or thirty miles an hour, would have been viewed as a visionary. But this has been realised, and, from its frequency, so extraordinary a performance has ceased, in particular places, to be a novelty.

*The Cabinet.*—The latest *on dits* have it, that Col. Drayton will be called to the War, and John Forsyth to the Navy Department.—*Nat. Jour.*

*Extract of a letter from Antwerp, 25th March.*

"It is reported that French and English combined forces are to blockade our ports in consequence of the government at Brussels having disregarded the London protocol; this would speak in favor of the sincerity of the French government.

It is also said that the troops of the German confederacy are to take possession of the Duchy of Luxemburg. All this will pave the way to some arrangement by compulsion, perhaps sooner than could otherwise have been expected."

In the Paris and London papers, letters from Vienna have appeared, in which mention is made of a free conversation at court between the young Napoleon and Marshal Marmont, Duke of Ragusa, so notorious for his connexion with the Bourbons since the date of the French Emperor's fall. The story of the conversation is confirmed; and it is further stated that Marmont has written to Paris an enthusiastic account of the intellectual and personal endowments of the young Duke, adding, that all would be over with the present King of France and his dynasty, the day on which the intelligent, spirited, and graceful youth should show himself in Paris. Far from reproaching Marmont, he told him that he knew his name to be associated with the great exploits of his father, and considered him as having been afterwards subject to fatality, and not a traitor.—*Nat. Gaz.*

*Charleston, April* 22.—The British ship Marchioness of Queensbury, takes to Liverpool the largest cargo ever shipped from this port. Her exports are 2225 bales of cotton, making 704,342 lbs. and valued at 72,000 dollurs, in addition to 300 bbls. Turpentine.

There arrived at the American Colony in Africa, from 9th to 29th Jan. one ship, seven brigs, and three schooners, besides vessels belonging to the colonists. Among them was a brig from France, a ship from Liverpool, and three brigs and a schooner from the United States. Some of the colonists are said to be worth from ten to fifteen thousand dollars.

*Frontiers of Poland, March* 13.—The situation of Warsaw must appear inexplicable to any one not acquainted with the inhabitants and the firm character of Gen. Skrzynecki. The removal of the Diet of Miechow, a town near the Austrian frontier, will certainly be considered abroad as a sure promise of the speedy fall of Warsaw.—However, it is precisely the knowledge which the Diet has of the means of defence which the capital possesses, that has induced the members to resolve on quitting it to go elsewhere, to organise the means of resistance. Its presence in the Palatinate of Cracow, which is very populous, will hasten the arming of the militia. The Diet could in no case expose itself to be shut up in the besieged city, and thus make the fate of Poland depend on that of the capital. The Secretary of the Minister of the Interior has gone to Miechow, before the Diet. He has already taken measures to have 25,000 uniforms made at Cracow. It is hoped that within a fortnight 18,000 recruits may be collected in that part of the country, who will be soon able to join the army. It is also hoped that the population of the country on the left bank of the Vistula will soon partake of the enthusiasm of the inhabitants, and that the Diet will thus be able to prolong its existence, even should Warsaw fall into the hands of the enemy. But it seems to be expected that Warsaw will be obstinately defended.—*Brussels paper, March* 26.

## MARRIED,

In Philadelphia, on the 28th ult., Mr. JOHN SPEAR, Printer, formerly of this city, to Mrs. SARAH SCOTT, of the former place.

☞Fifteen arrivals and fifteen departures of Steam Boats since the 26th ult.


## Drawing, Painting, and Gilding,

IN ALL THEIR VARIETIES.

## J. NEWTON

HAS removed to No. 27 Market street, between Front and Second, where he intends carrying on the above; and he assures the public that he will execute all orders with which he may be favored in as neat a manner, upon as reasonable terms, and as promptly, as can be done on the west of the mountains. Portraits and Miniatures executed in a superior style, and paintings bought, sold, exchanged, or repaired.

J. N. will continue to receive a small class of pupils.

## LITHOGRAPHY.

J. N. has established a Lithographic Press, and is prepared to execute all kinds of Lithographic Printing. Those who wish to have a multiplicity of copies from any design, will find this a beautiful substitute for copperplate engraving, and will experience a considerable saving of time and expense by preferring it.

Just published, the first number of a series of Ornaments, which will be found useful to Architects, Painters, Carvers, Gilders, Engravers, Cabinet Makers, Chair Ornamenters, Statuaries, and all persons whose business is connected with the Fine Arts.

J. N. respectfully solicits subscribers to a work on Flower, Fruit, and Shell Painting, &c., which he intends publishing as soon as the materials are in readiness. The work will contain the whole theory of the art, as far as its title purports, and will greatly aid those who wish to devote a part of their leisure hours to this branch of painting.

May 6, 1831.

## TO-MORROW.

FOUR PRIZES OF TEN THOUSAND IS

**$40,000,**

AND TICKETS ONLY $5.

ADVENTURERS will bear in mind that the 9th Class of the Union Canal Lottery will be drawn to-morrow the 7th inst. For Capitals apply at the "*Prize Selling Office.*"

GEORGE A. COOK,
Agent for Yates & M'Intyre. No. 68 Wood st.

Where was sold in the 8th Class the Capitals of $2,000 and $1,500.

*Managers' Office*, May 6, 1831.

NEW PUBLICATIONS.

THE HISTORY OF THE BIBLE, by the Rev. G. R. Gleig, in 2 vols. being Nos. 12 and 13 of Harper's Family Library.

*Cuvier on the Revolutions of the Surface of the Globe.*

*Buffon's Natural History*, new edition, corrected and enlarged by John Wright, M. Z. S. 3 vols. Lond.

*Hewey's Chemistry*, 11th edition, comprehending all the recent discoveries, and illustrated with plates by Lowry. 2 vols. 8vo.

*Biography of Bishop Heber*, abridged for the use of young persons.

For sale by HOGAN & Co. Corner of Front and Market streets. May 6, 1831.—3t.

## NEW LAW BOOK!

HOGAN & CO., Booksellers, Corner of Front and Market streets, have in press, and will publish on the 14th instant, "Ashmead's Reports of Cases adjudged in the Court of Common Pleas, Quarter Sessions, Oyer and Terminer, and Orphans' Court, of the First Judicial District of Pennsylvania."

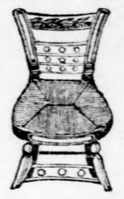
*Extract from the U. S. Gazette.*—"This work is one that will be of much interest to Aldermen and Justices of the Peace, as most of the common pleas cases are appeals from magistrates' decisions.—The work also contains decisions in the Orphans' Court, by Judge King, the most important that have been reported in Pennsylvania, and here becomes of value to practitioners throughout the state." May 6—3ti

## REMOVAL.

### *WILLIAM ALEXANDER,*

CABINET MAKER,

TENDERS his thanks and acknowledgments for a liberal and extensive patronage, and respectfully informs his customers and the public, that he has removed his establishment to No. 235 LIBERTY STREET, at the junction of Smithfield and Liberty streets, where he intends keeping a large and general assortment of CABINET FURNITURE and CHAIRS, made of good materials, in the best manner, and in the newest style.



☞All orders will be punctually attended to. W. A.

May 6, 1831—w3mo

NEW BOARDING HOUSE.—James Reynolds, from Geneva, in the state of New York, has opened a BOARDING HOUSE, in the commodious and pleasant building, No. —, at the corner of Ferry and Fourth streets, where a few genteel Boarders will be accommodated.

May 6, 1831—3t

## COMMISSION AGENCY,

*AT ZANESVILLE, OHIO.*

J. S. COPELAND & CO. respectfully offer their services to the public, for the transaction of Commission business, and for Receiving and Forwarding Merchandise. Goods consigned or forwarded to their care, will receive every necessary attention. They have extensive warerooms for the reception of Merchandise, near the landing, and trust they will be enabled to transact the business of their correspondents to their entire satisfaction. Refer to JOHN D. DAVIS, Esq., Pittsburgh, or to Messrs. FORSYTH & DOBBIN, Wheeling. May 6—Fi8*

BANK OF PITTSBURGH, May 2, 1831. The President and Directors of this institution have this day declared a dividend of FOUR PER CENT. for the last six months. The same will be paid to stockholders, or their legal representatives, on or after the 13th inst.

ALEX. JOHNSTON, Jr., Cashier.

May 6, 1831—3t

TO RENT, and possession given on the first of July next, that very convenient Dwelling House, No. 43 Third street, Pittsburgh, between Market and Wood street, now occupied by Franklin S. Byrne. For terms, apply to JAMES NORMAND, Tailor, or to the subscriber.

May 6—3* WILLIAM DIEHL.

## Woollen Manufactory.

ADAMS M'FADDEN having purchased the entire interest of John Murphy, late of the firm of A. & J. Murphy, Woollen Manufacturers, Fleecedale, Chartier's Creek, the business will be conducted in future under the firm of MURPHY & M'FADDEN. To avoid the inconvenience and delays arising from the scarcity of the water in dry seasons, a *steam engine* has been added to the establishment, the machinery improved and increased, and they are now prepared to purchase WOOL of various qualities, for which the highest prices will be given in cash, if well washed on the sheep's back, and delivered at the factory, or at the store of John Murphy, Liberty street, near the Pittsburgh Brewery.

ANDREW MURPHY,
ADAMS M'FADDEN.

Fleecedale Woollen Factory, four miles from Pittsburgh, on the Steubenville road. May 6—tf


*ALLEGHENY COUNTY, ss.*

The Commonwealth of Pennsylvania to the heirs and legal representatives of *Thomas Williams*, late of Cecil county, in the state of Maryland, deceased, who died intestate, GREETING:

WHEREAS, At an Orphans' Court held at Pittsburgh, in and for the said county, on the twenty-seventh day of April, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and thirty-one, an order issued and directed to me, for the partition and valuation of the Real Estate of the said intestate, situate in the city of Pittsburgh aforesaid, being

One annual ground rent in fee of $200, issuing out of two several parts of Lot No. 343, marked in Woods' general plan of Pittsburgh, being those two parts demised by indenture of perpetual lease to a certain James Miller.

Also, One other ground rent in fee of $250 per annum, issuing out of two other several parts of Lot No. 343, being parts of said lot demised by indenture of perpetual lease to a certain Patrick Doran.

Also, One other ground rent in fee of $350 per annum, issuing out of two other parts of Lot No. 343, being other parts of said lot demised to the said Patrick Doran, which two last mentioned ground rents, viz: $250 and $350, respectively, amounting to $600, were reduced to $500, by an agreement dated June 19th, 1821, and recorded in Book C 2d, page 310.

Also, One other annual ground rent in fee of $100, issuing out of one other part of Lot No. 343, being that part of said lot demised by indenture of perpetual lease to a certain Richard Geary.

Also, One other annual ground rent in fee of $140, issuing out of one other part of Lot No. 343, being that part of said lot demised to Henry Holdship.

Also, Another ground rent in fee of $200 per annum, issuing out of part of Lot No. 400 in Woods' general plan of Pittsburgh, being that part of said lot demised to Alexander Smith.

Also, One other ground rent in fee of $200 per annum, issuing out of one other part of Lot No. 400, being that part of said lot demised to a certain Robert Dunlap.

Also, One other part of said Lot No. 400, having certain brick buildings thereon erected, charged with an annual ground rent in fee of $300, subject to a right of redemption in the heirs and assigns of the said intestate, for the sum of six thousand dollars.

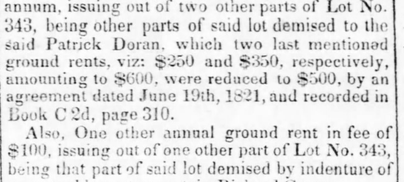
You are therefore hereby notified, that by virtue of the said order, an inquest will be held at the premises aforesaid, on THURSDAY, THE 23D OF JUNE, A. D. 1831, at — o'clock, — M., for the appraisement and partition of the Real Estate aforesaid of the said deceased, when and where you may attend, if you think proper.

WM. CAVEN,
*Sheriff of Allegheny county, Penns'a.*

Sheriff's Office, Pittsburgh, May 6, 1831—w3


## New Hardware Store,

NO. 66 WOOD STREET, PITTSBURGH.



## LOGAN & KENNEDY

HAVE JUST RECEIVED, and are now opening an extensive assortment of Hardware Cutlery &c., to which they would respectfully invite the attention of merchants, mechanics, and others. Also a well selected assortment of New England bench and moulding planes.

April 5.—tf.


CREDITORS of Ekin & Ledlie, take notice that a dividend of five per cent. will be paid on, or after the 10th instant, to all the creditors who executed a release, according to the terms and conditions of the assignment dated, 26th February, 1829.

J. D. DAVIS,
J. S. RIDDLE,
ISAAC LIGHTNER, } Assignees.

May 3, 1831.—3t


## REMOVAL.

### DOCTOR E. C. S. SUGG,

SURGEON AND ACCOUCHEUR,

(From London, and recently of Baltimore.)

HAS Removed from his residence in Irwin street, to No. 57 Liberty street, corner of Virgin alley, (*the house lately occupied by Doctor J. S. Irwin,*) where he continues the practice of his profession, in all its various branches. Dr. S. will keep for sale a choice assortment of DRUGS, MEDICINES, DYE-STUFFS, PAINTS, &c. Also, Family Medicines of his own compounding and selection. April 22—tf

BARTRAM'S Hammered Spades and Shovels, warranted of a superior quality—also, Bartram's Prime Axes, Mattocks, Canal Picks, Hoes, Trace Chains, Log Chains, &c. For sale by H. MAC SHANE,

March 22, 1831.—tf Front street.

NEW WHOLESALE

## DRY GOODS STORE.

PALMER & HIGBY are now receiving and opening, at the stand formerly occupied by Messrs. M'Clurg & Dennison, No 61 Wood street

*A Large and General Assortment of*

## DRY GOODS,

OF THE NEWEST STYLE AND IMPORTATION.

Their arrangements are such, as to be constantly supplied from the New York and Philadelphia markets, with desirable articles.

They respectfully solicit purchasers to call and examine their stock.

March 11, 1831—iw6mo.

PITTSBURGH CIRCULATING LIBRARY.

THE following books have lately been received into this library: Maxwell, 2 vols. by the Author of Sayings and Doings; the Romance of History, 2 vols. 3d Series, by Leigh Ritchie; Meredith, or the Mystery of the Meschianza; a Tale of the American Revolution.

JOHN I. KAY & Co.

May 3, 1831.—2t 51 Market street.

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.—The partnership of the subscribers, late trading under the firm of Abishai Way & Co., has been dissolved by mutual consent. Those indebted to the late firm are requested to call and settle their accounts, and make payment to Abishai Way: those having claims against the concern will present them for payment.

ABISHAI WAY,
DAVID SHIELDS.

Pittsburgh, April 13, 1831.

ABISHAI WAY will continue business at the old stand, No. 47 Market street, where he is now opening a new stock of Foreign and Domestic DRY GOODS, suited to the season, together with a large supply of genuine

*"ANKER" BOLTING CLOTHS,*

AND

Whittemore's Superior Machine Cards,

ALSO, ON CONSIGNMENT,

Woollen and Cotton Goods manufactured by the Harmony Society:

All of which will be sold at the lowest market prices, on accommodating terms. A.19—3&w8

## CROCKER & CO.

## Commission Merchants,

NUMBER FIFTY-ONE NORTH FRONT STREET,

PHILADELPHIA.

PARTICULAR attention paid to the purchase and sale of *WOOL*, and liberal advances made on consignments.—*References*—

Messrs. J. G. HARKER & Co., *Philadelphia.*
" BALDWIN & FORBES, *New York.*
" PARKER & STEVENS, } *Boston.*
" LIVERMORE & RENDALL, }

March 18, 1831.—tw3m

## WANTED,

GREENSBURGH BANK PAPER—at 35 per cent. discount.

GEORGE A. COOK,

Lottery and Exchange Broker, No. 68 Wood street, Pittsburgh. Nov. 12, 1830.—tf.

NOTICE.—All persons indebted to me for professional services, are requested to call at the office of Doctors Hays & Denny, in the north east corner of the Diamond, (Dr. Mowry's old stand,) where, during my absence, Mr. Edward Dubarry will attend to the settlement of my accounts. W. H. DENNY.

April 15—tf

## NEW SPRING GOODS.

THE subscriber informs his friends and the public generally, that he has just received, and is now opening, a large and seasonable assortment of DOMESTIC, BRITISH, FRENCH, AND INDIA DRY GOODS, which he offers, *Wholesale and Retail*, on the most reasonable terms, at his *Old Stand*, No. 78 Market street, between Fourth street and the Diamond, and at his *New Store*, No. 99 Market street, between Fifth and Liberty streets. Thankful for past favors, he respectfully solicits a continuation of former patronage. SAM'L SPENCER.

April 12—w2m

## REMOVAL.

*CAST SHEET LEAD MANUFACTORY.*

DAVID BAIN, PLUMBER, Respectfully returns his sincere thanks to his friends and the public, for the liberal support he has received since he commenced business in this place. He begs leave to inform them that he is now prepared to make up all kinds of Lead work, such as Chemical Retorts, Vats, Cisterns, Boilers, Lead Pipes of any size, Lift and Force Pumps, Water Closets, Fixture or Shower Baths, conveying water from springs to dwellings, and raising it to the different apartments, covering *roofs* and gutters with lead, copper, or zinc, and laying of iron and lead pipe. Has always on hand, Hatter's Kettles, made of Cast Sheet Lead, superior to any now made in this city. Also, Sheet Lead for gutters, in sheets of four feet wide, and in any lengths.

☞Orders left with Mr. William P. Baum, in Wood street, above Second, will be attended to.

☞Old Copper, Pewter, or Brass, taken in exchange, at No. 10 St. Clair street, near the Allegheny Bridge. April 26.—w3m.


REGIMENTAL ORDERS.—The enrolled Militia residing within the bounds of the 61st Regiment Pennsylvania Militia, will parade as follows: the first battalion, on Tuesday, the 17th day of May, at the house of Captain John Calhoon, in Elizabeth township, at 10 o'clock, A. M. armed and equipt according to law. The second battalion at the house of Francis Wilson, in Wilkins township, on Wednesday, the 18th day of May, at 10 o'clock, A. M. armed and equipt according to law.

*Courts of Appeal.*—First battalion, Captains Elrod, Heath, and Lieut. Dougherty, will meet at Captain Calhoon's, on the 2d Monday in June, at 10 o'clock, A. M. For the 2d battalion, Captains Irwin, Ault, and Lieut M'Cully, will meet at the house of of John Johnston, in Wilkins township, on the 2d Monday in June, at 10 o'clock, A. M. ROBERT CAROTHERS.

*Colonel 61st Regiment.*

April 29, 1831.—w3t.


## V. B. HORTON,

## ATTORNEY AT LAW.

OFFICE NO. 41 FOURTH STREET.—

January 11—w6mo.

PITTSBURGH
## CIRCULATING LIBRARY

THE inhabitants of Pittsburgh are respectfully informed that the Pittsburgh Circulating Library is now opened for the delivery of Books, at the Bookstore of JOHN I. KAY & CO., No. 51 Market street, near Fourth. April 19--tf

## WOOL! WOOL!

THE highest price will be given in Cash, for all grades of WOOL, washed on the Sheep's back on delivery at the Woollen Factory, in Economy.

FREDERICK RAPP.

April 15, 1831—2mo.

## JOHN ALEXANDER

HAS Removed his Wholesale and Retail Cheap Cash Store, to the house formerly occupied by Mr. F. W. Boggs, No. 53 Market street, three doors below Fourth, where he is now receiving a splendid and general assortment of

**Fancy & Staple Dry Goods,**

purchased at the lowest prices, in New York, Philadelphia and Baltimore; all of which will be sold low for Cash. ☞Has always on hand a large assortment of MAHOGANY, which will be sold at very reduced prices. J. A.

April 8--3mo.

## REMOVAL.

MESSRS. M'DONALD & COLWELL have Removed their Office to St. Clair treet, third door east of the Exchange Hotel.

April 12--1mo

## ☞Stage Drivers Wanted.

I WISH TO HIRE SIX PERSONS TO DRIVE STAGE.

NONE need apply but those who can come well recommended for good horse-masters and first rate reinsmen. For such I will pay from $10 to $13 per month. Apply to

GEO. A. DOHRMAN,

April 27—tf. Steubenville, Ohio.

## REMOVAL.

S. P. CHURCH & CO. have removed their stock of Dry Goods to the store recently occupied by Messrs. James Brown & Son, NO. 83 MARKET STREET, where they are opening an unusually large assortment of *FRENCH GOODS*, selected from the latest importations, and adapted to the present season. They respectfully solicit the patronage of their old customers, and invite their friends, and the public generally, to call and examine their goods, which are offered at the lowest market prices, *Wholesale and Retail*. They offer also a good assortment of BRITISH & AMERICAN DRY GOODS, among which are

- 30 pieces Broadcloths
- 25 do. Satinets
- 50 do. Irish Linens
- Diapers, Table Cloths, Napkins
- Book, Mull, Jaconet and Cambric Muslins
- 2 cases black and yellow Navarino Bonnets
- 1 case Dunstable Straw Bonnets.

Pittsburgh, April 12, 1831--6w

## PRINTING INK.

JUST received from the Manufactory of *Johnson & Son*, a fresh supply of Book and News Ink, for winter and spring use, in kegs from 15 to 28 pounds.

H. HOLDSHIP & SON.

January 1, 1830.—tf

PATENT PLANING MACHINE.—The right to use this valuable machine, invented and patented by William Woodworth, and known as Woodworth's Patent Planing Machine, may be obtained on application to the subscriber for the counties of Allegheny, Butler, Beaver, Washington, Green, Fayette, Somerset, Cambria, Indiana, Jefferson, Clearfield, M'Kean, Warren, Venango, Mercer, Crawford, and Erie, in the State of Pennsylvania. That part of Maryland lying west of the Blue Ridge; all that part of Virginia lying west of the Blue Ridge, except the county of Ohio. The whole of the state of Ohio except the counties of Hamilton, Butler, and Montgomery. The whole of the state of Kentucky, except the counties of Jefferson, Boone, Oldham, Gallatin, and Campbell. The whole of Indiana, except the counties of Floyd, Clark, Jefferson, Dearborn, and Switzerland. The whole of the state of Illinois, and the territory of Michigan. Rights to use the machine in that part of the United States, named above, will be sold by the single county or in larger districts. As it is presumed that no one will purchase without seeing the machine at work, a description of it is deemed unnecessary. Should any person, however, wish to purchase, and find it inconvenient to visit the places where it is in operation, a machine will be furnished, warranted to plane, tongue and groove, and bring to an exact width and thickness, a white pine board of 12 feet long, and of any width from 1 to 14 inches, in one minute and ten seconds, or an oak board of the same dimensions in 2 minutes and 10 seconds. Machines may be seen at work in the cities of New Orleans, Washington, Philadelphia, New York, Boston, and others at the south and east, at Wheeling, Virginia, and at the saw mill of Messrs. Irwin & Herron, in this city.

Persons desiring to purchase will have the certificates of scientific and practical men who have seen it at work, in the different places in which it has been put up, forwarded to them. They give their opinion as to the great value of the invention, state the time they have seen boards dressed by this machine, and describe the quality of the work as compared with that performed by hand labor.

LEONARD CHESTER,
Acting for the Proprietor

Pittsburgh Hotel, April 19, 1831.

COCHRAN & IRWIN have Removed to Nos. 108 and 110 Second street, near Wood street, adjoining Wetmore & Haven's Queensware store, and J. Park's grocery, where they will be constantly supplied with

- Writing, Wrapping and Printing Paper;
- Broadcloths, Cassinets, and Jeans;
- Plaids, Checks, Tickings;
- Brown Sheetings and Cotton Yarn;
- Also, Cotton and Union Drillings;
- Diaper and Table Linen;
- Machine Cards, in sets or in pieces, to order;
  (Factories supplied on the shortest notice.)
- Wood Screws and Tacks, at eastern prices;
- Blanchard's cast steel Corn and Grass Scythes;
- Thompson's and Nelson's Sickles;
- Lamont's Patent Vices;
- Plated Ware for Saddlers;
- Window Glass and Hollow Glass, all sizes;
- White and Red Lead, Nails; Iron;

And a general assort't of *American Manufactures*;

- 10 hhds. Leaf Tobacco,
- 40 bales Cotton, prime quality,
- 20 hhds. Sugar,
- 50 bbls. Mackerel, Nos. 1 and 2, for sale as above.

April 15—tf

FOR SALE, a first rate GIG and HARNESS, of eastern manufacture. Inquire of A. B. Semple, at the Exchange stables, Penn street.

ALSO, A first rate Family HORSE, suitable for harness or the saddle. April 26--1m

## DR. JAMES A. LOWRIE

TENDERS his professional services to the inhabitants of Pittsburgh and its vicinity. Office, No. 45 Third street, next door to the corner of Market street. April 1--3mo

## THE HOPE COTTON FACTORY

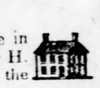
*At the end of the aqueduct, in Allegheny-town.*

THE Proprietors beg leave to inform the public, that their establishment is now in full operation. Their machinery is of the most modern and approved construction, and every attention will be paid to the articles which they manufacture. The business of the establishment will be transacted by John F. Wrenshall, and in his absence by Alexander Brackenridge, who are exclusively authorised to make engagements for the concern.

SHOENBERGER, WRENSHALL & Co.

March 18, 1831.--2m

## TO LET,



THE Store and Dwelling House in Liberty street, now occupied by H. Fullerton, Jr. - Possession given on the 1st April next. Apply to

ALLEN & GRANT.

February 22.---tf

## SHEARS.

THE subscribers are manufacturing revolving and vibrating SHEAR BLADES, of a superior quality. They will be stamped "F. A. Bemis & Co." and warranted to the purchaser.—A sample can be seen at Messrs. L. & P. Peterson's, on the corner of Market and Front streets, and a constant supply will be kept on hand at the manufactory, No. 24 Water street.

*ALSO*, will be made to order, SHEARING MACHINES of improved construction: price from $50 to $125. Having in operation machinery expressly for grinding, Shears will be ground with the greatest accuracy, at a short notice.

Nov. 17—tf. F. A. BEMIS & Co.

We the subscribers have purchased and made use of Shears made by F. A. Bemis & Co., Pittsburgh, and consider them superior to any in use in this section of the country.

JOHN M'DOWELL.
DANIEL HICKMAN.

Bridgeville, September 15, 1830.

The undersigned have purchased and made use of broad and narrow Shearing Machines, made by F. A. Bemis & Co., and can recommend them to the public, as superior to any we have before used or seen in operation. R & J. HALL,

Sept. 23. *Manufacturers, near Pittsburgh.*

We the undersigned have in operation a Shearing Machine, and also a set of Blades, made by F. A. Bemis & Co., and feel confident in recommending them to the public, as articles superior in their kind to any we have used or seen in this country. A. & J. MURPHY.

Fleecedale Woollen Manufactory, Sept. 29, 1830.

## FARM FOR SALE.

WILL BE SOLD, at Public Sale, on the premises, on the 14th day of June next, at 1 o'clock, P. M. that valuable FARM, No. 126 Braden's District, situated on the Ohio river and Beaver road, 12 miles from Pittsburgh, containing 233 acres, of which about one hundred acres are cleared and under good cultivation, with several never failing springs of water. The improvements are a good square log House and Barn, and an Orchard of excellent fruit trees. An indisputable title will be given, and the terms, which shall be easy, will be made known at the sale.

ADDY BEER,
ROBERT BUER,

Administrators of the estate of Thomas Beer, dec.

☞The Lancaster Journal and Washington Reporter will insert the above advertisement once a week till June 1, and charge Pittsburgh Gazette.

January 11, 1831--t14J

THE subscriber wishes to rent the large Three Story Brick Dwelling House and Shop, where he now resides, situated in Liberty, between Market and Wood streets.

March 18.---tf. FELIX BRUNOT.

## MACHINERY.

THE subscribers, having entered into a copartnership, for the purpose of building Cotton and Woollen Machinery, under the firm of

M'KENZIE & BLACKSTOCK,

have recently taken the machine shop of Messrs. Blackstock, Bell, & Co., where they are now prepared to build Machinery, on the most approved plan, and on a reasonable credit. Persons wishing to purchase can have an opportunity of seeing their machinery operated at the Factory of Messrs. Blackstock, Bell & Co., in Allegheny-Town.

S. B. M'KENZIE.
D. BLACKSTOCK.

Pittsburgh, February 8--3mo

GEORGE A. COOK, Lottery & Exchange Broker, No. 68 Wood street, Pittsburgh, purchases Notes of all the Banking Institutions in the United States. Also, Foreign & American Gold, Broken Bank paper, &c.

March 11, 1831.

THE subscribers have entered into partnership for the purpose of carrying on the Foundry and Steam Engine Business, under the firm of

## M'CLURG & PRATT.

They beg leave to inform their friends and the public generally, that their Foundry is now in complete operation, immediately above the aqueduct, on the Allegheny river, where they are prepared to execute orders for Castings of every description, in the best manner and with the greatest possible punctuality. Their steam mill, for boring, turning, or grinding heavy castings, is also in operation, and shops for making STEAM ENGINES of any required power, and SUGAR MILLS and machinery of every description.

They feel assured that from their knowledge of the business, in all its branches, their attention and punctuality, they will continue to receive a share of public patronage.

ALEX. M'CLURG,
FRANCIS PRATT.

December 7, 1830---1y

## NOTICE,

*To Country Merchants and others, inclining to purchase Cheap Hardware.*

THE SUBSCRIBER, having purchased out the Stock of HARDWARE lately kept by R. H. Gray, corner of Fourth and Market streets, Pittsburgh, offers the same for sale at cost and carriage. He will continue to *buy and sell* articles of domestic manufacture in the Hardware line, at the old stand, No. 59.

JAMES GRAY,

March 11—tf Fourth street.

*PITTSBURGH & PHILADELPHIA*
## CLOTHING STORE.

GEORGE C. MORGAN

HAS REMOVED to No. 102, Wood street, and has furnished his Fashionable Clothing Store with a supply of articles in his line, suitable for the present and approaching seasons, and conforming in style and fashion, to the last eastern patterns. His stock comprises the greatest variety, and has been selected with much care as to the quality of the goods.

☞Cloths, Vestings, Trimmings, and Fancy Articles, will be disposed of on the most reasonable terms.

☞Work made to order, on the shortest notice.

Sept. 25.—tf.

## A. & W. BEATTY & Co.

COTTON MANUFACTURERS,

*Sixth, between Wood and Liberty Streets,*

HAVE always on hand an extensive assortment of GOODS—consisting of *Checks, Plaids, Stripes, Tickings, Diaper, &c. &c.*—All of which they offer for sale at eastern prices, without the addition of carriage, at from 3 to 6 month's acceptances. Their friends, and the public in general, are invited to call and examine the goods for themselves.

N. B.—A liberal discount will be given on large orders, or for cash. Pittsburgh, Feb. 4.—tf

## To Baltimore and Philadelphia

*TRAVELLERS.*

THE LINE OF STAGES between Chambersburgh and Baltimore, on the Somerset and Mountpleasant route, has been doubled, and now runs DAILY, (Mondays excepted,) leaving Chambersburgh *at day-light* in the morning, and arriving in Baltimore, early the same evening.

Passengers reach Philadelphia, in this way, the second afternoon, from Chambersburgh, without the loss of any rest; taking the splendid STEAM BOAT LINES, which set out at 6 o'clock in the morning, [via CHESAPEAKE AND DELAWARE CANAL, a work well worth the trip to see.]

REESIDE, Owner.

In all cases where the passengers desire to reach Baltimore in time for the 5 o'clock steam-boat to Philadelphia, they can do so by leaving Chambersburgh at one o'clock in the morning, or immediately after the arrival of the Western Mail Stage. In this way, they arrive in Philadelphia, by eight o'clock the *second morning*, from Chambersburgh.

☞When a load offers, the stage will run on Mondays. April 23, 1830.—tf.

## Valuable Property for Sale.

THE Bank of Pittsburgh offers for sale the following valuable property in this city viz:—ALL that piece of ground, situated on Market street, between Front and Second streets, formerly owned by Abner Barker, containing in Front on Market street thirty feet, and extending back; on which are erected one two story brick dwelling house, with other back buildings.

*Also*, All that piece of ground, situated on Third street, between Market and Wood streets, formerly occupied as the Farmers' and Mechanics' Bank, containing in Front on Third street twenty feet, and extending back towards Fourth street eighty-five feet; on which is erected a two story brick building.

*Also*, Adjoining the above, one other lot, containing twenty feet in front, and extending back eighty-five feet; on which is erected one frame building. Between the two last mentioned buildings an alley will be left for the common use of both.

*Also*, All that piece of ground situated on the north side of Diamond Alley, between Wood and Smithfield Streets, containing in front on Diamond Alley fifteen feet, and extending back half way to Fifth Street, on which is erected a two story brick dwelling house, with back buildings, now occupied by Copernicus Walters.

*Also*, That piece of ground, situated on Third street, between Wood street and Hay Scale Alley, containing in front upon Third street about twenty feet, and extending back along said alley about eighty-five feet; on which are erected one two story brick dwelling and back buildings.

*Also*, The undivided half part of that piece of ground, situated on Wood street, between Front and Second streets, containing in front on Wood street about forty-eight feet, and extending back part sixty and part ninety feet; on which are erected two three story brick dwelling houses and back buildings, now occupied by Charles L. Volz and Willard Leonard.

*Also*, All that piece of ground, situated on the north side of the Diamond, containing in front on the Diamond about thirty-seven feet, and extending back to Jail alley; on which are erected two two story brick dwelling houses and back buildings, now occupied by Ephraim Pentland, Esq. and Mrs. Gormly.

*Also*, All that tract of Land, situated on Turtle Creek, commonly called "Dirty Camp."

For terms apply to the CASHIER

January 22, 1830.—tf

PITTSBURGH
## Academic Seminary,

No. 11 ST. CLAIR STREET.

INTENDED for the education of youth, in English, French, Classical, and Mathematical Literature, preparatory for Mercantile, Mechanical, and Professional pursuits.

In this institution, young gentlemen shall be solidly and expeditiously prepared for the Counting House, and University. Gentlemen preparing for the Profession of Law or Medicine, shall have every assistance afforded them, for the speedy attainment of the Greek and Latin languages. The English department is attended to during the customary school hours; the Classical, from 7 to 10 o'clock, P. M.

Mr. Moals is engaged in the French department.

Popular lessons on Book Keeping are given daily.

*FEMALE EDUCATION.*

There is in the institution an interesting class of young ladies, who are taught separately. A separate, but convenient Room, communicating with the school, will be open on the 2d Monday of April, for the reception of a limited number, who shall have all the advantages of instruction, without the inconvenience of any intercourse with the other pupils.—Terms made known at the Seminary. M. M SHARRY, *Principal.*

March 22, 1831.—tf

DUNLAP'S PAINTING
OF
## CHRIST
## REJECTED,

IS now being exhibited at LAMBDIN'S MUSEUM, where it will remain a FEW WEEKS.

This universally and justly admired picture represents the *Rejection of our Saviour, by the Jewish High Priest, the Elders, and the People*, when brought to them by Pilate, from the Judgment Hall. The subject, which is illustrated with great force and beauty, is found in the following passage of the Sacred Writings:

"And when they had bound him, they led him away, and delivered him to Pontius Pilate, the Governor. Pilate said unto them, What shall I then do with Jesus, which is called Christ? They all said unto him, let him be crucified. When Pilate saw that he could prevail nothing, but that rather a tumult was made, he said, I am innocent of the blood of this just person: see ye to it. Then answered all the people, and said, his blood be on us and on our children."—*St. Matthew, chap. 27.*

"Then came Jesus forth, wearing the crown of thorns and the *gorgeous* robe; and Pilate saith unto them, Behold the man. When the Chief Priests therefore and Officers saw him, they cried out, saying, crucify him, crucify him. Pilate saith unto them, Take ye him and crucify him, for I find no fault in him."—*St. John, chap. 19.*

☞In this splendid Painting, which occupies upwards of 200 *square feet of canvass*, nearly 200 figures are introduced. In composition, perspective, coloring, and general effect, it is much superior to any historic production yet exhibited in this city, and merits the reputation and success that have hitherto attended it.

A SPLENDID EXHIBITION OF PHANTASMAGORIA has been got up at considerable expense, and *will be exhibited every evening*, at half past 8 o'clock. Admittance 25 cents.

April 8, 1831.

DOCTOR ROBERT'S
☞*WELCH MEDICAMENTUM.*☜

FOR the cure of Dyspepsia, Liver Complaints, Jaundice, Cholic, Fever and Ague, Dysentery, Headach, Loss of Appetite, Flatulence, Hypochondria, Hysterics, Dropsical Complaints, and Heartburn. It also prevents all Bilious disorders, and removes habitual Costiveness, Asthma, Strangury, Gravel, Rheumatism, Gout, and Impurities of the Blood.

A person who uses this Medicamentum will not require the use of the lancet, or any means of the healing art. It restores and revives the animal spirits, invigorates the system, removes nervous tremors, obtunds rheumatic and anthritic pains, and prevents their return. It cleanses the stomach of all morbid humors, which cause indigestion, acidities, headach, and lowness of spirits; cures all bilious disorders, and all cholics of the stomach and bowels, almost immediately; inspires cheerfulness; gives comfort to the dropsical; takes away palpitation of the heart; gives circulation to the blood; restores bloom to the sallow or sickly cheek, and plumpness to the meagre habit; purges without pain, and banishes all cause of fever of every kind. It acts on the stomach, that great reservoir of the human system, a diseased state of which causes all diseases. No alteration in the usual habits of life is required, but the abstaining from distilled ardent spirits.

CERTIFICATE,

From Rev. Derick Lansing, D. D., Pastor of the Second Presbyterian Church in Utica.

UTICA, Jan. 6, 1830.

*To Dr. Hitchcock.*—Dear Sir: I have always been one of the number of those who have placed little confidence in *nostrums* or *specifics*, and for this reason, although I saw your advertisement of the Welch Medicamentum, I could not bring my mind to consent to use it. My sufferings, from indigestion, during the past summer, were so severe, as materially to affect my comfort, and my capacity for usefulness. I have reason to thank you, sir, that, on hearing of the state of my health, you kindly sent me your Medicamentum. I have taken it faithfully, and with entire success. I have not been visited with one of those turns of distress, which before were weekly periodical, since I began to take your valuable medicine. Could I receive the same relief which I have hitherto experienced, on condition of taking it for life, I should cheerfully comply with such condition. Your's, very truly, D. C. LANSING.

☞Sold by THOMPSON & MILLER, at their Drug Warehouse, No. 81 Wood street, Pittsburgh. Nov. 26—tf.

## WANTED,

ONE thousand five hundred and one thousand dollars, on mortgage, well secured on Real Estate in this city. Inquire of

N. HOLMES,

Sept. 17.—tf No. 33 Market street.

## *ALLEGHENY LOTS.*

FOR SALE, a number of LOTS, fronting on the Broad Common in the rear of the town of Allegheny. These Lots afford the most desirable seats for country residences of any now offered for sale. The terms will be extremely favorable. A credit of from one to five years will be given to purchasers. A plan of the Lots is left at the office of Discount and Deposit and at the bank of Pittsburgh, for the inspection of purchasers.

W. Robinson, Jr.

Aug. 25, 1826.—tf. *Allegheny Town*

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN.

THAT the Charter of the Pittsburgh Manufacturing Association being about to expire, it is intended to close its affairs as soon as possible. All persons indebted to the Institution are required to make immediate payment to George Cochran of Rd. Agent of the Association, and all persons having claims against it, are requested to present the same for settlement.

B. BAKEWELL,
THOMAS HAZLETON,
WM. PORTER,
THOMAS FAIRMAN,
JOHN SPEAR,

Com'tee for closing the Affairs of the Association.

Pittsburgh, Feb. 9, 1830.—tf.

PUBLIC NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN That the Notes, Book Accounts, and all other property of Robert Patterson and J. H Lambdin, late Stationers and Paper Manufacturers, trading under the firm of R. Patterson & Lambdin, have been assigned to the subscribers this day, for the benefit of creditors.

HENRY HOLDSHIP,
C. ANSHUTZ,
MARTIN RAHM.

Pittsburgh, Sept. 22, 1823—tf

## LITERARY NOTICE.

TO MY PATRONS AND THE PUBLIC.

HAVING been appointed *Deputy Surveyor*, in and for the District composed of the county of Allegheny, I deem it necessary to announce, that my SEMINARY for young *Ladies and Gentlemen*, will be continued as usual, at my residence, No. 84 Fourth street, a few doors from Doctor Dawson's Chemical Warehouse, that the school will be principally conducted and superintended by me, and also that, when called on business, it will be conducted by my Assistant, who must be an able and judicious Instructer. In the Institution will be taught the following branches, which constitute a liberal and scientific education, viz: Penmanship, English Grammar, Geography, with its application to Astronomy, Mapping, &c. and Mercantile transactions in general, together with the Mathematics.

In relation to the course of instruction, particular attention will be paid to the most essential department of education, not only in teaching the most concise and approved methods of Arithmetical Calculation, and of arranging and keeping accounts in trade and commerce, but also in explaining these methods, that the pupil may know how to proceed by reason as well as by rule; for without this, no permanent benefits can be derived.

Having recently purchased a handsome pair of Globes, students will derive a peculiar advantage, in acquiring a *sound* knowledge of Geography, Practical Astronomy, and the use of the Globes. Students at the study of *Surveying*, will also have an excellent opportunity afforded them, in acquiring a radical knowlege of the Theory and Practice of that invaluable ART.

For terms, which will be moderate, apply at the school-room. JNO. M'NEVIN.

June 1.---tf.

*HENRY HOLDSHIP AND SON'S*
PRICES CURRENT.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| CAP PAPER, per r'm, | hot press, | $4 25 a 4 50 | |
| do. do. do. | fine, | 3 25 a 3 75 | |
| do. do. do. | common, | 2 25 a 3 00 | |
| LETTER do. do. | hot press, | 3 75 a 4 00 | |
| do. do. do. | common, | 2 50 a 3 25 | |
| PRINTING PAPER, per ream. | | 2 37 a 5 25 | |
| WRAPPING do. | Imperial. per ream, | 2 75 | |
| do. do. | Medium, do. | 1 75 | |
| do. do. | Crown, do. | 1 12 | |
| TEA PAPER, | Medium, do. | 2 00 | |
| do. do. | Crown, do. | 1 50 | |
| PASTEBOARDS, per groce, | | $5 00 a 5 25 | |
| FULLERS' PRESS PAPERS, per lb. | | 25 | |
| PAPER HANGINGS, per piece, | | 31¼ a 75 | |
| BORDERS, | do. | 12½ a $2 50 | |

December 10, 1830.

*FOR SALE,*

A STEAM ENGINE, with ample power to propel a boat of 140 to 150 tons; or, if for a mill, sufficient to run 4 to 5 pairs of stones and a saw. Apply to ALLEN & GRANT.

February 8, 1830---tf

150 TONS Tennessee and Ohio Pig Metal, of good quality, for sale by RIDDLE, FORSYTH & CO.

March 11.—tf

150 BBLS. No. 1 Mackerel;
100 do. No. 2 do.
100 barrels No. 3 do.
100 hhds. N. O. Sugar;
75 bbls. Molasses;
25 kegs Nos. 1, 2 and 3 Shot;
10 tons Jun. Hammered Iron;

*FOR SALE BY JAMES ADAMS, Jr. & Co.*

May 18, 1830---tf.

## MOROCCO

THE subscriber, having commenced the manufacture of MOROCCO, has now for sale Morocco suitable for the following purposes:

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Boots and Shoes, (Goat and Deer Skins.) | | |
| Boot and Shoe Linings, (Roans and Yellows.) | | |
| Coachmakers' do. | (variety of colors.) | |
| Hat Linings, | do. | do. |
| Bookbinders, | do. | do. |
| Trunkmakers, | do. | do. |
| Saddlers, | do. | do. |
| Striped Bindings. | | |

☞The above articles will be sold at eastern prices. Having in connexion Mr. George Pierce, an experienced workman, the quality and colors will be warranted. Dealers in the article will find the prices reasonable.

JOHN CALDWELL,

Corner of Third street and Redoubt Alley.

Pittsburgh, Feb. 9—tf

THOMAS ANDERSON & CO.

*Auctioneers and Commission Merchants,*

LOUISVILLE, Ky.

Refer to M'KEE, CLARKE & Co. } Pittsburgh.
JAS. ADAMS, Jr. & Co. }
HAMILTON STEWART, }

STORAGE & FORWARDING.—Thomas Anderson & Co. have extensive warehouses, and are prepared to Receive and Forward Merchandise, in any direction required

May 14, 1830.—tf.

## Kensington Rolling Mill.

S. & R. LEONARD have associated with them A. M'N. SEMPLE. The business in future will be conducted under the firm of LEONARD, SEMPLE & LEONARD; at the above place, on the Monongahela River, above Suke's Run.

N. B. The agency of W. H. Hays is discontinued.

LEONARD, SEMPLE & LEONARD intend making and constantly keeping on hand the following kinds of IRON, of the neatest and best quality, which they offer on accommodating terms viz.

- 1d. 2d. 3d. 4d. 5d. 6d. 8d. and 10d. Hoop,
- Round and Square, from 1-4 in. to 3, in.
- Nail, Chain, Deck, and Spike Rods,
- Tire and Flat Iron,---all sizes.

Pittsburgh, May 21, 1829—tf.

DAVY'S CONSOLATIONS.

JUST published, and for sale, by Hogan & Co Corner of Front and Market streets, CONSOLATIONS IN TRAVEL: or the Last Day's of a Philosopher; by Sir *Humphrey Davy*, Bart. late President of the Royal Society. With a sketch of the Author's Life, and Notes, by Jacob Green, M. D. Professor of Chemistry in Jefferson Medical College. Sept. 21.—tf.

## AUCTION GOODS.

M. S. MASON & M'DONOUGH,
46 WOOD STREET,

Are now receiving a very extensive and choice assortment of

European, India, and American,

**DRY GOODS,**

EMBRACING every variety suited to the *Western Trade*; and having been selected with particular care, at the *New York and Philadelphia Auctions*, are offered at wholesale, for cash or approved paper, at a small advance.

Country merchants can always depend on being supplied with the latest style of Importations; and in consequence of one of our firm being now in *Europe*, we are enabled to *import* our *Foreign Goods* at much cheaper rates than usual, and most respectfully solicit an inspection of our stock.

M. S. MASON & M'DONOUGH.

September 3, 1830.

JOHNSTON & STOCKTON,
## Booksellers, Printers,
Book-Binders and Paper Manufacturers.

No. 57, Market Street, Pittsburgh

March 14.—tf.

FORT PITT GLASS WORKS.—The subscribers respectfully inform their friends and the public in general, that they have the above works in their hands, and will continue the Manufactory of

FLINT GLASS, CUT AND PLAIN,

Of various descriptions and patterns; and have appointed L. & P. PETERSON, (corner of Market and Front Streets,) Agents to dispose of the same—where a general assortment will always be kept on hand. Merchants and others will be furnished on accommodating terms.

All orders left with our agents will be thankfully received and promptly executed.

R. B. CURLING & SONS.

September 18 1829.—tf.

*PAPER HANGINGS*

THE subscribers having enlarged their *Paper Staining Establishment*, and procured some of the best workmen from the eastward, now offer for sale, wholesale and retail, *at the Philadelphia prices*, a choice assortment of

*COMMON, GLAZED AND RAINBOW*
## PAPERS,

Of the latest patterns, and equal to any heretofore sold in this market; a constant supply of which, in all their varieties, with suitable borders, will be kept on hand.

Also on hand, a large assortment of FRENCH WALL PAPERS and

**Velvet Bordering.**

H. HOLDSHIP & SON,
*Corner of Wood & Third Streets.*

October 10—tf.

BRONZE AND DRAB COLORED PUMPS

GEORGE ALBREE informs his friends and customers, that he has Removed to Nos. 91 and 93 Market street, two doors above Fifth, where he is opening a general assortment of SHOES, adapted to the season, consisting of Ladies' Bronze and Black Morocco, Lasting, and Leather Boots and Shoes, of various patterns; Misses', Children's and Infant's Boots and Shoes of different colors, with Gentlemen's Boots, Bootees, Shoes, and Pumps, which are offered low, at Wholesale or Retail.

Pittsburgh April 5.—1m&w1m.

WATERS' improved Cast and Shear Steel Corn and Grass SCYTHES; Shear and Cast Steel Axes; Improved Steel Spades and Shovels; Hoes, Hatchets---constantly on hand and for sale by RIDDLE, FORSYTH & Co.

March 11.—tf

FOR SALE OR RENT, Lot No. 357, on Fourth street, between Wood and Smith field streets, in the city of Pittsburgh. The Lot is thirty feet front, and extends back towards Diamond Alley, one hundred and forty feet. Possession can be given on first of April, 1831. Apply to C. DARRAGH,

Dec. 17.—tf No. 49 Fourth street.

## FOR RENT,

THE EAGLE STEAM MILL, for manufacturing Flour.

*ALSO,*

THE FOUNDRY now occupied by Messrs. Kingsland, Lightner & Co., situate on the Monongahela river and Suke's run. Possession to be had on the 1st of April next.

Apply at the Office of the Bank of the United States. January 11.—tf

## WHOLESALE
## CHINA, GLASS
*AND*
## EARTHEN WARE HOUSES.

THE subscribers offer a large and well selected stock, of all kinds and the latest patterns of goods in their line, imported direct from the English and French Potteries, by the way of New Orleans. They with confidence, therefore, invite all western merchants from the states of Virginia, Kentucky, Tennessee, Indiana, Illinois, and Missouri, who have been in the habit of getting their ware from the eastern cities, (over the mountains) to call and examine for themselves.

Their terms are, to pack to order at Philadelphia prices, with an addition of 1½ cents per pound carriage, cash.—Credit arrangements can be made from three to twelve months. From their experience in the trade, they feel competent and pledge themselves to do every thing in their power to give satisfaction. All ware packed at their establishments will be insured, with proper handing, to open sound, for one per cent.

THOMAS G. GAYLORD,
*Pittsburgh, Pa.*
H. H. GAYLORD & Co.
*Wheeling, Va.*

February 12, 1830.—tf

VALUABLE PROPERTY FOR SALE.—The subscriber offers for sale that valuable and well known property, adjoining the town of Noblestown, and distant 12 miles from the city of Pittsburgh.

There are in this tract of land 500 acres, 175 of which are cleared, and under good cultivation. It contains a fine meadow, and an excellent Apple Orchard, besides valuable coal banks and never failing springs of good water. As a stock farm, it has but few equals.

There are erected on this property the following buildings, viz:—A *Steam Grist Mill*, with two pair of French Burrs, and one pair of country stones, together with all the appurtenances necessary for doing merchant work on a large scale; a *Saw Mill* in good working order, which is propelled by water power; *three Dwelling Houses*, and *two Barns*. The above farm is intersected by good roads for transporting produce to a market either on the Ohio river or at Pittsburgh, and is in a wealthy neighborhood.

If this property be not sold together, it will be divided to suit purchasers. For further particulars apply to the subscriber living in Pittsburgh.

SCUDDER HART.

Aug. 7, 1829.—tf.

## Bakewell, Page, & Bakewells,

FLINT GLASS MANUFACTURERS,
Have for sale, an assortment of

## Astral or Sinumbral LAMPS,

ON PEDESTALS AND FOR SUSPENSION.

*ALSO,*

Tuscan, Vase, Mantel & Chamber Lamps,

WHICH, in addition to their usual stock of *PLAIN AND CUT FLINT GLASS*, Patent Moulded, Plain and Cut *Bureau Mountings, &c. &c.* will be disposed of on the lowest terms. Pittsburgh, Nov. 23—tf.

## FOR SALE,

A FLAG QUARRY, together with a FARM, containing 80 acres of good land, situated on the Allegheny river, ten miles above Pittsburgh.—The flags are of the best quality, and suitable for paving, such as are now used for that purpose in this city. It is the only quarry of the kind in this part of the country. Apply to

HENRY HOLDSHIP

October 12, 1830.—tf

DOMESTIC CLOTH HALL.
No. 72 Wood Street, Pittsburgh.

*HAMILTON STEWART,*
MANUFACTURER OF
## Linen and Cotton Goods,

WHICH he offers for sale at eastern manufacturers' prices, without any addition of carriage, at 3, 4, or 6 months acceptances.

N. B.—Five per cent. discount on all orders exceeding $100. March 19—tf.

## The Pittsburgh and Coal Hill Turnpike Road.

PUBLIC notice is hereby given, that books will be opened at the Bookstore of H. Holdship & Son, in the city of Pittsburgh, on Monday the 24th day of March next, to receive subscriptions for the Stock in a company to be entitled "*The President, Managers and Company of the Pittsburgh and Coal Hill Turnpike Road;*" intended for the purpose of making an artificial Road from the city of Pittsburgh, to a point at or near the house of Wm. Farrow, in Pitt township, at which time and place one or more of the under signed will attend.

WM. WILKINS,
HENRY HOLDSHIP,
WM. B. FOSTER,
PETER MOWRY,
WM. PORTER,
WM. ARTHURS,
JAMES BROWN,
} *Commissioners.*

Feb. 22, 1828.—tf.

TO LET, The three story brick store-room in Hays' Row, Wood street, adjoining John Albree's Shoe store. Apply to WILLIAM HAYS

October 12.—tf.

NEW ORLEANS and MOBILE PAPER received at this office at 5 per cent. discount.

GEORGE A COOK,
Lottery & Exchange Broker, No. 68 Wood street

November 19, 1830.

## TO IRON FOUNDERS.

TO BE LET. The Iron Foundry, situated on Water street near Grant, lately occupied by Sours & Kingsland. On the premises are a Double Stack and Furnace, Core Oven, Crane, &c. in good order. Apply to

BAKEWELL, PAGE & BAKEWELLS.

☞N. B.—Immediate possession can be given.

February 18---tf

## HARDWARE.

S. FAHNESTOCK & CO. corner of Fifth and Wood streets, have just received and are now opening their Spring supply of HARDWARE, which renders their stock much more extensive than heretofore; consisting of a more general assortment, and embracing a greater variety of articles; among which are Waldron's, Griffin's, and Harris's Corn, and Waldron's Griffin's, Papmore's, and Blanchard's Grass Scythe, &c. &c.

Pittsburgh, March 11, 1831.—tf

EXCHANGE.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Erie, | *per cent.* 1 | Scioto, *per cent.* | 3 to 5 |
| Chambersburgh, | 1 | Michigan, | 3 to 5 |
| Canton, - | 2 | Canada, | 4 to 5 |
| Pottsville, - | 2 | Urbana, | 3 to 5 |
| Wyoming, - | 2 | Greensburgh, | 45 |

American Gold, 1½ per cent. premium.
Bank of Steubenville, 25 per cent. discount

GEO. A COOK,
*Lottery and Exchange Broker, No. 68 Wood street.*

June 29, 1830.